The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED JULY 12, 1786. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, APRIL 16, 1875. VOL. 89.—NO. 90.

DAILY GAZETTE.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—Trains on the Union Pacific Railroad have been delayed by high water west of the Rocky Mountains.

—The extensive paper mill of Yeatman Anderson, in Columbus, Ohio, was destroyed by fire on Thursday night.

—G. C. Orth, Minister to Austria, and Horace Maynard, Minister to Turkey, will sail in the steamer Russia next trip.

—A fire at Sheboygan, Wis., on Thurday, destroyed Crocker, Bliss & Co.'s chair factory. Loss $30,000; insurance $4,000.

—The Illinois Legislature adjourned at noon on Thursday. The bills passed have, with a few exceptions, been signed by the Governor.

—A man named John Britton, living near Elkhorn, Neb., committed suicide by stabbing himself in the neck on Wednesday. The cause is unknown.

—A. P. Bacon has arrived at San Francisco from New York. It is stated that he went there to take charge of the agency of the Pacific Mail at that port in the interest of the new management.

—The French Academy has elected Ed. Sadine, the English General and author, a corresponding member for the class of Geography ahd Navigation in place of Antoine Marie Remi Chazallon, deceased.

STATE BREVITIES.

GREENVILLE has a new National Bank.

THE Board of Pardons will meet May 4.

BUSINESS has opened up lively in Beaver Falls.

SMALL POX prevails in the Blair county Poor House.

HAY is eleven dollars per ton in Susquehanna county.

THEY are happy with half a foot of snow at Gallitzin.

A LITTLE girl in Delaware county has died from the effects of rope jumping.

AT Sharon two rivals met in a deadly orthographical fray—the winner to have the girl.

THEY think the management of the Johnstown Poor House needs a little investigation.

SCARLET FEVER is said to prevail in Erie to a considerable extent, and several deaths have occurred.

THERE are twenty patriots in Cambria county willing to wear there lives away in the County Treasurer's office.

MR. CLARK MOORE, of New Castle, Lawrence county, committed suicide on Sunday afternoon of last week by taking chloroform. Intemperance.

MICHAEL MEYLERT, editor of the Sullivan county *Democrat*, weighs three hundred and seventy-five pounds. That paper certainly has some weight.

THE third annual reunion of the Tenth Pennsylvania Reserves will be held at Canonsburg, on the 19th of May. The occasion is expected to be one of interest.

THE Commissioners of Beaver county are determined to go on with the building of a new Court House, and the people are getting more hostile to the project every day.

THE Washington *Observer* is an excellent weekly newspaper. It contains all the local news of the town and neighborhood, and is rapidly taking first rank among the papers of the county.

THERE are one hundred and sixty-two anthracite and forty-two charcoal furnaces in this State, which is evidence that the iron interest must be considerably affected by the present strike.

ALL the companies of the National Guards of Westmoreland county will meet in Greensburg for inspection before the Commanding General, Thos. F. Gallaher on decoration day, the 30th of May.

A PARTY of men, numbering five or six, among whom are several old Californians, are prospecting for gold through the wilds of Forest county. They confidentiallly expect to find some large deposits of this precious metal, basing their opinions thereto on surface indications.

THE Millerstown fire was the work of an incendiary. A. Marks and A. Levi, the clerks of Rosenburg & Marks, were arrested on complaint of William Reiber, Chief of the Fire Department, and the hearing set down for next Tuesday, on suspicion of being the guilty parties.

JUDGE BOGGS, of Kittanning has made an order that hereafter the attorneys must keep their feet off the tables. The tip-staves are authorized to use whatever force may be necessary to carry out the ordor. The average Armstrong county lawyer is not happy if he don't have his feet a few inches higher than his head.

THE New Castle city poor house was captured by "tramps" last Sunday morning and run to suit themselves for a while, but on help arriving from the city they all took to the woods but two, who were arrested and taken before a justice of the peace, but were permitted to depart, they not being among the most boisterous ones.

BUTLER county just now presents a formidable array of candidates for the several offices. There are thus far sixty-four Republicans and fifty Democratic announcements to be found in the newspapers; and as the Convention of neither party has yet been called, the presumption is reasonable, that a few more will yet turn up.

THE house and barn of Mr. John Markell, of Girard township, Clearfield county, were destroyed by fire on Monday, April 5th. All the household effects and two hundred dollars in greenbacks were destroyed with the house, and in the barn were twenty-five bushels of cloverseed, one hundred and and twenty-five bushels of buckwheat, and one hundred bushels of corn.

IN the year 1843, thirty-two years ago, during the month of April, Oil Creek and the Allegheny river were frozen over so that persons could cross on the ice. On the 18th of April, in that year, William Bell, then a resident of this city, sawed the river on the ice, starting from the mouth of the creek, and our informant says the ice did not break up for a week after this event.

THE lawyers of Erie have formed an Erie Bar Association, for the "elevation of character" of its respective members, so the preamble states. A lawyer member drew up the preamble, or we should be inclined to think some wag was trying to impose upon the good name of our professional neighbors. "Elevation," but not of character, generally attends upon bar associations.

THIS is a prolific age; potatoes grow double, the corn stalks grow higher than they used to, and the babies come by the third of a dozen. Greene county has been favoring her land at a little trick of lusus nature and brought forth a chap with twelve fingers and twelve toes. The wife of Walter Kerr, a resident of Jackson township, gave birth to a boy last week which, if it lives to grow up to be a man, can boast of twelve digits and twelve gravel scratchers. Well done old Jackson. Well done, State of Greene.—*Waynesburg Republican.*

AT THE BOX OFFICE.

How the Tardy Man Who Wants One Seat Dickers Over a Dollar.

The man who always gets a bad seat is a sore trial to the office-keeper. He is a well-known character there. He comes only on state occasions, when there is a grand rush, and he invariably arrives just as the curtain is about to rise. He takes his place in the line, calmly awaits his turn to interview the ticket-man, and never seems to think that anyone else is waiting to be served.

"Have you any good seats, sir," he begins, and then, in rising irritation: "I never had a good seat in your theatre in my life. Where's your map?"

"We don't sell by the diagram at night; only in the daytime, sir."

"Well, where have you got seats?"

"In various places—parquette, dress circle, balcony."

"Have you any about six seats from the orchestra on the aisle, end seat?"

"No, sir, but I can give you a few twelve rows back."

"That's too far."

"Can give you third from the front."

"That's too near. Have you any end seats on the side?"

"No? What have you in the dress circle?"

"Fourth row in the centre."

"Don't want that. What have you on the side?"

"Third row on the side."

"Which end of the row is nearest or farthest from the stage? Any post in the way?"

"I think not, sir."

"Which side is it on?"

"Either side, sir."

"Can you see all the stage?"

"Nearly all of it, sir."

"Which side is the most acting on, and the principal scenes?"

"All about alike, sir."

"How is it in the balcony? Well, I don't like the balcony. But it's just my usual luck. Here, give me the best you have—I'll take one seat."

Meanwhile those in the line are mentally cursing that slow coach of a treasurer, and wondering why the deuce the manager don't discharge him. I am pretty sure some ticket-sellers here will vouch for this as no fancy sketch. And you may be sure if there is a bad seat handy at such a time it will be slipped over to that man. Moral: Be amiable and not overanxious with a treasurer, and he will always do the best he can for you.

The hotel clerk and the railway ticket agents have some queer queries asked them, but give me the theatrical box office for variety.

FIRST EDITION.

LOUISIANA.

The Political Troubles Settled.

The Wheeler Compromise Accepted by the Legislature.

A Resolution Adopted to Sustain Gov. Kellogg.

NEW ORLEANS, April 15.—The report of the Committee on Elections, embodying the terms of the award, was adopted in the House by a vote of 89 to 15. Most of the members displaced made speeches, intimating their acquiescence. Mr. Poindexter, of Assumption, one of the colored members ousted by the award, said he had the satisfaction in giving up his seat to know that his old master, who had always been just and kind, would take it. This was an honor which did not occur every day.

The committee, after reciting the preamble and resolutions referred to them, report that, having considered the same, they are of the opinion and report that said R. R. Bearsly, E. F. Dugus, James Brice, J. S. Scales, Chas. Schuler, E. E. Kidd, Jas. Jeffries, R. F. Lockett, G. W. Stafford, E. A. McCollum, W. H. Keys and George A. Kelly are respectively entitled to seats in the House by them respectively claimed from their respective parishes, and that the members now occupying seats in the House, viz.: Jos. Connaughton, Wm. Crawford, Jno. Delacy, of Rapides; Geo. Drury and R. Poindexter, of Assumption; J. J. Johnson and E. E. Tyler, of De Soto; J. Marie and F. R. Wright, of Terrebonne, and Winfield Flood, of Jackson, are not entitled to the seats now held by them.

After the reading of this report, Mr. Drury, one of the unseated members, made an explanation that he desired to be placed on record as concurring in the decision of the Congressional Committee, for the sake of peace and harmony, and expressed the hope that the adjustment would be carried out in good faith.

Mr. Abight made a similar explanation, and expressed a like aspiration for the peace of Louisiana.

The joint resolution recognizing the Kellogg Government, and pledging the members to support the efforts of the Governor in the line of reform and good government, was adopted by the House by a vote of 89 to 18.

The following is the full text of the resolution adopted with regard to the Kellogg Government:

Resolved, By the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, that the said Assembly, without approving the same, will not disturb the present State Government, claiming to have been elected in 1872, known as the Kellogg Government, for any past official acts, and that henceforth we will accord to said Government all necessary and legitimate support in maintaining the laws and in advancing the peace and prosperity of the people of this State, and that the House of Representatives, as to its members as constituted under the award of George F. Hoar, W. A. Wheeler, W. P. Frye, Samuel F. Marshall, Clarkson N. Potter and Wm. Walter Phelps, shall remain without change except by resignation or death of members, until a new general election, and that the Senate, as herein recognized, shall also remain unchanged, except so far as that body shall make changes on contests or call of roll.

In the Senate, Mr. Crosier, colored, of the Terrebonne District, is the only member whose seat is involved in the award. He will be appointed by Governor Kellogg as Wharf-master, and resign his seat in the Senate. Mr. P. S. Goode will be seated in his stead. This will perfect the terms of the award except reorganizing the House, which will be done in a day or two. Wiltz and Estelle are prominently mentioned for Speaker, and some think Hahn will be retained.

Mr. Wheeler left for home to-day. He expresses himself satisfied with the action of all parties as to the award. Good feeling and a spirit of conciliation seem to actuate the members of each party collectively and individually. The compromise may, therefore, be considered as accomplished.

SPORTING NEWS.

Louisiana Jockey Club Races.

NEW ORLEANS, April 15.—First race—Selling race, 1¼ miles; Club purse $400, first horse $300, second $75, and third $25, won by Century, Mary L' second, Tom Leathers third, beating Mildew, Stone's b. f. Bob Britton, Chris Doyle, King Amadeus and Capt. Reader; time 2:12. Mildew led at the start and until entering the home stretch, when Century went to the front, winning by two lengths. In the pools last night Mary L' and Chris Doyle sold at $150, Mildew $120, King Amadeus $90, Tom Leathers $70, Century $48, Bob Britton $44, Stone's filley $30, and Capt. Reader $10. On the track Mildew was largely the favorite.

Second race—1¼ miles, all ages; Club purse $500, first horse $400, second $75, and third $25; won by Survivor by a length, Limestone second, Denner third; time 2:44. In the pools last night Survivor sold at $275, Limestone $150, and Denver $25. On the track to-day they rated about the same as last night.

Third race—Mile heats, best 3 in 5, all ages; Club purse of $650; to the first horse $500, and second $100. Harry Felter, 1, 3, 3, 1, 1; Sweetbay, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2; Port Leonard, 3, 2, 2—r. o.; Denver, 4—withdrawn. Time, 1:47½, 1:46½, 1:49, and 1:48½. In the pools last night Harry Felter sold at $700, Crown Prince $250, Sweetbay $200, Port Leonard $75, and Denver $50. Crown Prince was entered for the race, but was ruled out on account of an unpaid forfeit due at Baltimore. The pool on the track before the race was about the same as last night. At the conclusion of the second heat, Sweetbay stock began to rise. After the third heat Sweetbay was 50 to 5 against the others. After the fourth heat Felter had a call.

NEW YORK

NEW YORK, April 15, 1875.

The Beecher Trial Postponed.

Owing to the ill health of Mr. Fullerton and his apprehension that to proceed today with the scandal case would precipitate another attack of vertigo, the further cross-examination of Mr. Beecher was postponed until Monday, until which time the court was adjourned. The crowd struggling for admission to the court room was enormous, and the disappointment great. Bessie Turner was in the court room and received from Mr. Beecher a warm shake of the hands.

Remembering Dan Bryant.

At a meeting of managers of theatres today, it was resolved to give a performance on Thursday, the 29th inst, at each place of amusement in the city, for the benefit of the family of the late Dan Bryant, the gross receipts to be invested for the education and support of the children, the thousand dollars contributed by the managers to be used for the immediate wants of the family.

IOWA.

Sale of Valuable Cattle.

CHICAGO, April 15.—At West Liberty, Iowa, yesterday, the Jacobs cattle were sold, bringing something over sixty thousand dollars. Some of the notable sales are as follows: Forest Queen, to J. W. Handley, for $1,550; Louan of Slausondale, to George W. Chase, $1,100; Louan of Wapsie, to Mrs. Kimberly, $3,600; Bettie Stewart, to M. Burker, $1,425; Maude, to G. S. Pratt, of Vermont, $7,200; Princess Maude, to Mrs. Warnock, of Kentucky, $2,800; British Baroness, to General Barkeley, $1,000; imported Sylvia, to D. M. Flinn, $2,500; Russia Pierce, $1,500, and Fanny Pierce, $1,100, to Mrs. Kimberly; Scottish Lady, to Mrs. Kimberly, $1,425; imported Royal Booth, $1,075, and Third Gem of Ery Poline, $2,050.

NEBRASKA.

Stage Line from Sidney to Harney's Peak.

SIDNEY, NEB., April 15.—At a large meeting held here to-day, a communication was read from Geo. W. Homan, Jr., of Omaha, offering to put on a double daily stage line between Sidney and Harney's Peak if the citizens here would establish stage stations at convenient intervals. Mr. Homan's proposition was accepted, the business men pledging themselves to build the stations. The distance between Sidney and Harney's Peak is one hundred and sixty-two miles.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 15, 1875.

A Mail Route Broker.

John H. Warren, of Albany, Wisconsin, is the person referred to in yesterday's dispatches as sending out offers to sub-let mail contracts. The matter will be thoroughly investigated.

Discharged.

United States Commissioner Ingersoll today discharged Van Vleck, charged with complicity in the mail contract frauds.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

Items of Interest to Workers Everywhere.

(From the American Manufacturer.)

THE West Hamburg rolling mill and iron works will soon resume operations.

A FOUNDRY and machine shop is building at Elizabeth, a town a few miles up the Monongahela.

IT IS said the workshops of the Northern Central Railroad Company are to be removed from York, Pa., to Baltimore, Md.

HON. M. S. QUAY, of Beaver, recently made a sale of over two hundred thousand fire brick. His works are on the opposite side of the Ohio.

BOTH the steel and old rail mills at South Bethlehem are in operation. An addition to the mill is being erected. Laborers at the mill receive $1.10 per day.

T. B. WHITE & SONS, of the Penn Bridge and Machine works, New Brighton, have the contract for building an iron bridge over Olean creek, in Olean, N. Y. They get $2,575.

MR. EDGAR COLLINS, formerly manager of one of the Cambria Iron Company's furnaces at Johnstown, Pa., has taken charge of the Roane Iron Company's furnace at Rockwood, Tennessee.

AT Staunton, Va., a party of gentlemen are figuring upon the cost and success of a blast furnace at that place. The ore and limestone are on the spot, but fuel would have to be brought from New river or Kanawha valley, a distance of 170 to 220 miles.

THE proprietors of the Allentown rolling mill have agreed to give their puddlers $4.00 per ton, it is stated, which is 25 cents more than their former offer. We believe this is what the puddlers demanded, but have no knowledge that they have gone to work.

TAKING the furnaces in the Lehigh, Schuylkill and Susquehanna valleys, about 56 are in blast, and some 63 out or banked up. The strike of the colliers in the anthracite regions, and the dull state of the iron trade are jointly the cause of this state of affairs in these districts.

SAYS the Wheeling *Intelligencer* of the 7th: "On Sunday evening the crown of the La Belle glass furnace fell in, damaging the pots to the extent of about $700. The accident will necessitate the suspension of the works for about three weeks. Fortunately, however, there is about $50,000 worth of stock on hands.

FROM 50 to 60 car loads of coke daily are now sent from the Connellsville region to the anthracite region, for the blast furnaces whose stock of anthracite has been used up. The trade may become permanent, as the furnace owners in the eastern part of the State must be getting disgusted with the uncertainty of the price and supply of their accustomed fuel.

SAYS the Wheeling *Intelligencer* of the 10th: "We understand that a number of capitalists are in correspondence with parties in Charleston with a view to leasing the building now occupied as the capitol, for a watch factory. So that it is more than probable that in a short time the late 'permanent seat' will boast of a watch factory. We presume, however, that like the capital it will soon be removed to Wheeling. It is the intention of the company to manufacture a watch similar to that of the Elgin and Waltham."

TUESDAY of this week Myers' coke works, near Mt. Pleasant, Westmoreland county, bought recently at Sheriff's sale by the First National Bank, was sold to John D. Boyle and Samuel Hazlette, of the firm of Boyle & Hazlette, at Mullin's Station for $33,050. It is one of the largest coke works in that section of country, and it is said to have cost upwards of $100,000. The farm contains one hundred acres, and is underlaid with a nine foot vein of coal. The works consist of 100 ovens, twenty shanties, engine, cars, etc.

SAYS the Beaver *Democrat*: It seems that a number of wells will be put down in the Beaver valley for natural gas. Messrs. Blake & Fessenden intend putting one down for the use of their file works. The owners of the paper mill, at Beaver Falls, intend putting down one also, and it is rumored that a company have leased the well at Bennett's run, and convey the gas to Beaver Falls, where it will be furnished for fuel. We have understood that this company are by the condition of their lease, compelled to put down another well, with a view to obtaining oil. It has become a well settled opinion of many that the great Butler oil belt passes through that vicinity.

OHIO ITEMS.

THERE are good prospects of a fair fruit crop in the Miami Valley.

THIRTY pairs of loving hearts cleaved to each other in Seneca county last month.

THE Pennsylvania and Ohio Canal opens for navigation on the 20th of this month.

AMHERST College will receive from the estate of the late Samuel Williston $280,000.

THE Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F., of the State of Ohio, will meet in Findlay next month.

THE oldest man in Ohio is Romer Griffin of Lodi, Medina county, who is one hundred and fourteen years old.

IT is stated that there is strong evidence that a man named Smith killed old John McCormick, of Mt. Vernon.

UNDER the law regulating the salaries of county officers, it is estimated that the State will save about $240,000 annually.

THE Pan-Handle Railroad Company intend to lay steel rails from Steubenville to Dennison as soon as the weather will permit of the work.

OHIO has engaged more space in the Centenial Exposition Building than any other State of the Union with the exception of Pennsylvanta.

THE Bellaire and Southwestern Railroad Company is incorporated with a capital stock of $500,000, to build a railroad from Bellaire to Woodsfield.

A GERMAN named Jacob Seubrod, fifty-seven years old, committed suicide by hanging himself to a tree in his orchard, at Lagonda, Monday morning early. Cause, despondency.

POSTMASTER LOWRY, of Dayton, arrested J. W. Truitt and J. W. Wright, inmates of the Soldiers' Home, last week, for forging money orders and swindling other inmates of the Home.

LAST week a little daughter of Samuel Saylor, of West Alexander, Preble county, was burned to death, and on the Saturday following his eight-year-old son fell from a horse and broke his collar bone.

TIFFIN is ahead this time. Last Saturday a masher went there from Mansfield to wed a young woman with whom he had been corresponding, but, much to his disgust, he found that his supposed lady correspondent was a man.

A VERY destructive fire occurred at Richwood, Friday night, totally destroying the dry goods and drug store of N. P. Westheimer, hardware store of Jordan, Thornhill & Co., furniture store of Morris Hill, the M. E. Church, and several smaller buildings. Loss about $50,000.

MR. J. B. PHILLIPS of Ohio, has sent notice to the managers of the Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition that he will exhibit a mammoth cheese, nine feet in diameter, eight feet in height, and weighing twenty-nine thousand pounds. The milk of fifty thousand cows will be devoted to it daily until it is finished.

DR. HARDMAN, of Salem, Ohio, has been sued for slander and breach of promise by a Scotch woman named Jennett Boss Davidson. She estimates the damage to her character and feelings at $30,000. The other day, while thinking over the affair, she became so enraged at the doctor that she procured a revolver and shot three times at the doctor without ever hitting him.

ALBERT BRIGHTON, aged thirteen or fourteen years, jumped on a coal train as it was passing through Lancaster, Tuesday morning, and was ordered off by a brakeman. In attempting to jump from the train the boy slipped and fell across the track, the wheels of the cars passing over him, cutting him completly in two across the waist and severing his left arm at the shoulder. He died almost instantly.

Interview With Blaine.

(From the Washington Chronicle.)

We have good authority for saying that ex-Speaker Blaine does not recognize the "interview" between him and "Gath," as published in the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*, as authentic. Mr. Blaine has always refused to be "interviewed" by any one as a means of making known his views on public affairs and his opinion on public men, a rule of conduct which he did not depart from in this case. Hence the publication referred to must be regarded as largely a matter of imagination, for which Mr. Blaine is in no sense responsible.

We wish professional newspaper interviewers would be careful not to mislead the public mind in this mode. The deliberately pronounced opinions of gentlemen of ex-Speaker Blaine's high position, large experience, and great ability, when correctly reported, cannot fail to interest the people of the whole country, but when imperfectly stated, as in this case, it is not only unjust to the party interviewed, but detrimental to the public welfare.

No such interview should ever be published without the full knowledge and consent of the party whose opinions are to be given to the public, that he may not be made to seem to say what he does not intend. No one should be compelled to proclaim his opinions even on public affairs; and when he consents to the publicity of impressions and convictions, he should have an opportunity to s.. all and no more than he desires to communi.. te. A partial statement extorted in the run of what is supposed by him to be a private conversation, is often in effect as prejudicial to the truth as a willful misrepresentation.

Public men are, in a certain sense, public property, and their matured opinions are of public interest, but they are private property until voluntarily proclaimed; and giving the whole truth is as important in such cases as giving nothing but the truth, because a part of the truth is often in its effect a falsehood.

SECOND EDITION

FROM EUROPE.

The Budget of Great Britain.

A Plan for the Reduction of the Public Debt.

Another Prussian Note to Belgium.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Proceedings of Parliament.

LONDON, April 15.—In the House of Commons to-day there was a long and excited debate on a petition praying for the dismissal from the bench of the Judges who sat in the Tichborne trials, on the ground of partiality and corruption, and for the impeachment of the Speaker of the House of Commons for similar reasons. On motion of Disraeli, the petition was rejected.

The annual budget was submitted to the House to-night by the Chancellor of the Exchequer. It shows that the surplus of receipts over expenditures for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1875, was £593,833. The expenditures for the current fiscal year are estimated at £75,268,000, and the revenues at £75,685,000, leaving a surplus of £417,000.

The Chancellor stated that these estimates are liable to be affected by supplementary estimates in connection with the Irish education measure and other matters. The only change in taxation is a readjustment of brewers' licenses and of stamp duties, through which he expects the surplus will be reduced to £357,000.

Mr. Childers said the estimates were too finely drawn, and he anticipated a deficit.

The budget includes the following plan for the reduction of the public debt: The charge on account of the debt for the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1876, is estimated at £27,215,000. This charge is to be gradually increased until it amounts to £28,000,000 in 1877, at which figure it shall permanently remain. The yearly overplus which is not required for the payment of interest shall be applied to the redemption of the debt. Thus, in thirty years, £213,000,000 of the debt can be canceled.

FRANCE.

Another Prussian Note to Belgium.

PARIS, April 15.—*L' Univers* reports that Prussia has addressed another note to Belgium in relation to the anti-Prussian pamphlet published in Antwerp.

ITALY.

Obituary.

ROME, April 15.—Aurelio Capalti, created Cardinal in 1868, is dead.

CHICAGO.

Lake Insurance—Impaled on a Picket Fence—Billiard Tournament.

CHICAGO, ILL., April 15.—At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the International Lake Board of Underwriters, to-day, it was resolved to allow 10 per cent. off for April on hull insurance if approved by a majority of the companies. There will be local inspectors at Chicago, Milwaukee, Escanaba and Buffalo. The other propositions will not be favorably considered.

Flags on vessels at this point have been at half mast to-day in respect to the memory of Henry D. Finney, a partner in the well known firm of ship-chandlers of this city. He was instantly killed yesterday by falling from a tree on a picket fence, upon which he was impaled.

In the billiard tournament this afternoon, Shaw, of Indiana, beat Livermore, of Wisconsin, score—200 to 164; winner's average, 5 3-39; time, one hour and eleven minutes. Carter, of Ohio, beat Gallagher, of the same State, 200 to 82, in one inning. Gallagher scored 70 counts, winner's average, 11 1-19; time, forty-five minutes. Rhines, of Chicago, beat Hoa, of New Orleans, 200 to 190; winner's average, 6 2-39; time, one hour and eighteen minutes.

At a meeting to-night of the committee on invitations appointed at a recent meeting of the officers of the Grand Army of the Republic here, it was decided, in addition, in issuing general invitations to Confederate soldiers and sailors, that special invitations should be sent to prominent Confederate officers, and that they should be requested to attend the approaching army reunion here.

CHEYENNE.

A Railway Train Delayed—A Map of the Black Hills Region—Troops to Guard the Entrance to the Gold Fields.

CHEYENNE, WY., April 15.—The Union Pacific train due here at 2:25 P. M. on the 14th is still detained near Green river by a wash out.

The publishers of the Cheyenne *Daily Leader* issued to-day an extra edition of 50,000 copies, containing a fine map of the Black Hills region, including all the mountain ranges known under that name. The map was made from an official survey obtained from the Surveyor-General's office.

Professor Janney, the Black Hills geologist, and General Crook, commander of the Department of the Platte, are expected here to-morrow.

Several companies of cavalry have left here during the past week for Fort Laramie, from which point they will be sent to guard the entrance to the gold fields. The indications are that the Government will soon open up this country to settlement. The city is rapidly filling up with people, who are only waiting for permission from the Government to go to the new Eldorado.

TIFFIN is ahead this time. Last Saturday a masher went there from Mansfield to wed a young woman with whom he had been corresponding, but, much to his disgust, he found that his supposed lady correspondent was a man.

THE WEATHER.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 15, 1875.
Local Observations.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Humidt.	Wind.	Weather.
7 A. M.	29.825	47.5	62	S.W.	Cloudy.
2 P. M.	29.603	56	34	S.W.	Cloudy.
9 P. M.	29.495	50	64	S.W.	Cloudy.

Mean Barometer, 29.604.
Mean Thermometer, 50.9.
Highest Thermometer, 57.
Lowest Thermometer, 45.

J. KABERNAGLE,
Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16, 1875.
Probabilities for To-day.

For New Englandand the Middle States, generally cloudy weather and rain, with brisk southerly winds, and falling barometer during the day, followed by decidedly colder weather, and possibly sleet or snow in the northern portion of these districts.

The lower Missouri and upper Mississippi rivers will rise.

UTAH.

A Polygamy Case Appealed—Gen. Crook on His Way to Omaha—Railroad Travel Interrupted.

SALT LAKE, April 15.—Geo. Reynolds sentenced several days ago to one year's imprisonment and three hundred dollars fine for polygamy, was before the Court today, and bonds were accepted for his appearance before the Supreme Court, to which the case has been appealed.

General Crook, lately placed in command of the Department of the Platte, with headquarters at Omaha, arrived here to-day, on his way eastward.

There has been trouble along the Bitter Creek valley for several days, caused by high water. The Union Pacific track has been washed away in several places. There were no trains over that portion of the road to-day, and none are expected for two days.

CINCINNATI.

Delegates to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church.

CINCINNATI, April 15.—Delegates to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church were elected to-day by the Presbytery of Cincinnati, as follows: Rev. Dr. E. D. Morris, Rev. W. A. Hutchinson, Rev. H. A. Rossiter, Elders E. D. Mansfield, James Taylor and D. J. Fallis. The Presbytery reconsidered its vote taken last fall on the overture from the General Assembly concerning the election of Elders for a term of three years, and voted in favor of the overture.

Lake Insurance.

CLEVELAND, April 15.—The Executive Committee of the International Board of Lake Underwriters, at a meeting yesterday, adopted the following: First—A reduction of 10 per cent. for April, not used on hull rates, if approved by a majority of the companies; second—trip rates approved at second-class cargo rates, without the rebate of 10 per cent; third—rates fixed on cargoes from ports west of Cleveland on Lake Erie to Erie, Pa.; fourth—no average season rates on cargoes permitted.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

The opinions as to the merits of *Col. Mulberry Sellers*, as a dramatic character, are many and various. Some give Mark Twain credit for his creation, and others think there isn't much in it, but notwithstanding the diversity of opinion *Col. Sellers* continues to draw immense houses and manages to keep them in a wonderfully merry mood. "The Gilded Age" will only be produced three times more.

Academy of Music.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" was played last night with Mrs. G. C. Howard in her original character of *Topsy*. She has enacted the part so often that it has almost become identified with her name, and so familiar is the *role* to her, through long and careful acting in it, that she gives a *Topsy* true to nature, and does not seek for effect by unnatural straining. She is supported by a very good company in which Mr. G. C. Howard appears as *St. Clair*, Mr. Maddox as *George Harris*, Mr. Scallon as *Gumption Cute*, Mr. Henderson as *Marks*, and Miss Adele Clarke as *Aunt Ophelia*. Little Miss Newman sustained the part of *Eva* very intelligently and her singing was warmly applauded.

Germania Orchestra.

This afternoon at Library Hall the Germania Orchestra gives the ninth of its series of twelve concerts. The entertainment will be a very choice one, judging from the following programme:

PART I.

1. Fest Overture.....Leutner
2. Intermezzo.....Labitzky
3. Abschied (Farewell) Ballad.....Abt
Mr. John J. Benitz.
4. Potpourri La Fille de Mme. Angot.....Lecocq

PART II.

1. Overture, Merry Wives of Windsor.....Nicolai
2. Traumbilder (by request).....Lumbye
3. The Two Grenadiers.....Schumann
Mr. John J. Benitz.
4. Amaryllis Air.....King Henry XIII
5. Grand Galop d'Concert.....Neumann

"An Evening With the Poets".

This evening Major Wm. Fraw lectures at the Pennsylvania Female College. He has chosen for his theme "An evening With the Poets," and we have no doubt but that all who may be fortunate enough to hear him will be entertained and instructed.

Musical and Dramatic Notes.

EMILY SOLDENE is playing in New Orleans, as is also John R. Owens.

MRS. ELIZABETH HOLLY is a new contralo with the Kellogg opera troupe.

ANNIE LOUISE CARY will receive 40,000f., or $8,000, for five months St. Petersburg.

"SHAUGHRAUN," in Irish, means a vagabond, a sort of Hibernian "Rip Van Winkle," with the long nap omitted.

E. A. LOCKE has been playing "Rip Van Winkle" in some of the Southern cities with but indifferent success.

M. CAPOUL and Signor Brignoli are to sing, with Signor Campanini, at Drury Lane Theatre, in London, this season.

A Boston critic says: "Miss Rosaly is a beauty, an actress of more than ordinary ability, and wears good clothes. *Voila tout.*"

THE fountain to be presented by the actress Lotta to the city of San Francisco is now in process of construction in Philadelphia.

TOM KARL, of the Adelaide Phillips Opera Troupe, has been sent to the hospital at Utica. His illness will again break up the troupe.

MISS MAY BRYANT, the contralto of the Boston Philharmonic Club, is handsome, only 19, and has, it is said, a voice like that of Anna Louise Cary.

A NEW American prima donna, the daughter of E. L. Davenport, and sister of Fannie and May Davenport, has made a decided hit in opera in Italy.

MISS CARRIE SIMS, of New York, who is to be married shortly at Dr. Houghton's Church to Mr. Harvey Sanford, was once a *protege* of the ex-Empress Eugenie, who pronounced her "the most beautiful American in Paris."

AMONG the English stars whom MAX Strakosch will endeavor to capture during his stay abroad, are Henry Irving, Miss Ada Cavendish, and Miss Matthews. Miss Matthews is said to be the best English opera-bouffe singer at present on the stage.

AS Mr. John T. Raymond appeared as *Col. Sellers* at our Opera House Wednesday afternoon and evening, it is not probable that he attended the funeral of Dan W. Bryant, in New York, on the afternoon of that day, as announced in the papers of that city.

At the Grand Opera House, Cincinnati, last week, the attraction was the appearance upon the stage of Mrs. Ada Gaddis, whose late husband was the Rev. Max P. Gaddis, a clergymen well known in the East during his lifetime. A natural penchant, she says, induced her to take the step, the intelligence of which, while a minister's wife, she was of course debarred.

MISS CLARA MORRIS is not a ventriloquist, although an impression to that effect is very naturally conveyed by advertisement of her performance, which states that when her voice does not "pour forth in a torrent," and does not "ripple with the melody of joy," and is not "stifled as though filled with tears," when none of these astonishing things happens, "it comes stealing softly from afar as though swept in by a zephyr from a summer sea."

A RECENT Hamlet proposing to play the part of the Danish Prince in a red cloak, inquired of a Shakspearian actor of the old school if he were justified in doing the same. "Red cloak!" was the reply of the royal house of Denmark," said the old actor. "But how do you get over this," persisted Hamlet, quoting, "'Tis not alone my inky cloak, good mother?" "Well," answered the venerable one, "I suppose that there is such a thing as red ink?"

ALLEGHENY STREET COMMITTEE.

Business Disposed of at Last Night's Meeting.

The Street Committee of Allegheny Councils met last evening, Mr. N. H. Voeghtly presiding.

A petition for the removal of a private sewer on Overhill street was referred to the City Solicitor, in connection with the street Commissioner, for examination.

It was reported that the bricks used in the construction of the sidewalk on Elm street were not what they should be. The matter was referred to the Street Inspector and City Engineer.

The line of street lying between Fairmount and Fountain streets was named Rogers street.

The ordinance relative to the regrading and repaving of Madison avenue, between East street and Concord street, was referred to the City Engineer to ascertain what part of the costs should be paid by the contractor who constructed the main sewer on that street.

The City Engineer was directed to prepare a profile of the grade of Eggers street.

A stone crossing was ordered to be laid across Rebecca street, at Nelson street.

Street Commissioner Tyson, of the Eastern District, was directed to receive bids for repairing the boardwalk on Ohio street, Eighth ward.

The City Engineer was directed to make an estimate of the cost of regrading and repaving River avenue from Pine street to Herr's Island bridge.

The Controller was directed to advertise for proposals for the construction of the sewer on Hughes alley.

The following ordinances were ordered to be prepared for presentation to Councils:

For lateral sewer on Palo Alto street, from Taylor avenue to North avenue. For grading and paving of Franklin street, from Irwin avenue to Fremont street. For lateral sewer on the first alley east of Monterey street, from Ledlie street to Ackley street.

It was agreed to report adverse to granting the following: Resolution for steps from Howard street to East street. Ordinance for the paving of Preble avenue. Ordinance authorizing the quashing of the report of the viewers on the opening of Federal street, and appointing new viewers. Ordinance for repeal of ordinance authoring the grading and paving of McClure avenue.

Adjourned to meet on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock to visit Buchanan street.

Vick's Floral Guide.

Now that spring has fairly opened out, the thoughts of the gardener and the husbandman are turned to the matter of planting, and he is not only putting his ground in order, but is making a selection of seeds. Believing that at this moment a word of advice will be taken kindly, we direct the attention of our friends to the assortment to be had from the famous seed and floral establishment of Mr. James Vick, of Rochester, New York. Mr. Vick is a veteran in the business, and what he does not know about it, is of very little value. Those who wish to get full particulars as to what he can do, should send for a catalogue. It is one of the most beautiful annual periodicals of which we have any knowledge. It is profusely illustrated, contains a large amount of practical information, and gives a complete list of seeds, so that the purchaser can learn the prices, the character, and all about any particular class of seeds enumerated in the book.

Mr Vick, we know from personal experience, is a reliable gentleman, and very prompt in all his dealings. He guarantees all he sells, and fills all orders without a moment's delay. His seeds always prove satisfactory, and no patron ever has cause to complain of the treatment accorded him. We can heartily endorse his goods and the man himself.

Parlor Furniture.

All our parlor furniture is hand-made, and will be upholstered in any style purchasers may direct. Every article is new and of the latest design.

J. L. LYTLE, & Co.,
Successors to T. B. Young & Co.,
169 Smithfield street.

Whisky

for sale, in order to close out our stock on hand. Five and six year old Pure Rye Whisky, each barrel showing by government stamp, its age. Inquire of the distillers, Jos S. Finch & Co., 189 to 195 First avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PRICES REDUCED
AT THE WHOLESALE.
BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING ..... N. P. REED.
P. HOUSTON ..... D. L. FLEMING.
GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny county.

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FRIDAY, APRIL 16, 1875.

BONDS at Frankfort 99.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 30½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 115¼.

THE Senatorial excursionists have reached Charleston, on their way home.

THE Beecher case has been adjourned till Monday, owing to the illness of Judge Fullerton.

THE Legislative Committee, appointed to investigate the State Treasury, visited the Department at Harrisburg, a few days since, and ascertained that the books would be opened to a sub-committee for examination. Having learned this much they left. We hope the examination will be carefully made, and the results published.

THE Philadelphia *Times* says of the political talk relative to Governor Hartranft's signing the Local Option repeal bill: "We don't take much stock in third-party movements for the next Gubernatorial contest, and we shall be surprised if the distinctive Temperance vote foots up as large as it did last year. It will not be a good season for throwing away votes, and most persons who won't want General Hartranft re-elected will be very likely to vote squarely for the 'other fellow.'"

THE mills have generally started, with double turn. Whether this indicates the possession of orders, or confidence that they can be had, is hard to tell. There are those who criticise it as bad policy, and others who favor it as wise. Its wisdom or unwisdom depends on whether the market can be stimulated to activity. It is an admitted fact that the stock of iron is low, both East and West—with a better market at the West than at the East. We congratulate our manufacturers on the vigor manifested, when the time arrived for work. Our observation is, that a cheerful, hopeful spirit generally prevails, and a disposition to make the best of the situation. As one form of business activity stimulates others, we hope our manufacturers may find trade at prices that will pay.

GODFREY, the Washington caterer, who supplied Speaker Campbell and friends with eatables and drinkables, including "stag," has gained his suit for the recovery of the amount due him. The trouble over the bill turned on the assertion of Mr. Campbell that several "galoots" had been dined and wined, and that he was charged with the expense. Not being disposed to contribute to the luxurious enjoyment of "galoots," he had refused to pay any part of the bill. Indeed, Mr. Campbell regards himself as generally an injured man. He was Speaker of the District Legislature, and in a position to enjoy himself at the public expense, when suddenly his entire Legislature was abolished, his convivial bills sent to him, and even the entertainment of "galoots" included in the list of charges. But sad must be his feelings as he discovers he is not sympathized with, and that an ungrateful jury, partly composed, possibly, of those very "galoots," gives judgment against him. It is an illustrative case. Evidently it makes all the difference imaginable, whether the public or the private individual pays a bill. There are no "galoots" in public accounts.

ONE by one, Postmaster General Jewell is unearthing frauds, and if he continues, he may yet make his department a self-sustaining institution. The mail-bag repairing frauds are the last discovered. There are only places where mail bags, hitherto, have been repaired, the work being done by contract. A short time since, suspicions began to be entertained that at St. Louis and Indianapolis frauds were being perpetrated, and a special agent was assigned to investigate. In one case, the contractor was getting about $15,000 a year, and the other about $24,000, whereas it is believed that all the work, for the entire country, need not cost more than $20,000 a year. The plan, in one case was to cut and disfigure the bags, and then repair them. In the other, it was simply to charge for repairs that were not made, and smuggle the work in. An entirely different system has been adopted. The contract system has been entirely abolished, and at Indianapolis, St. Louis and New York, repair shops are to be established, and the repairs made under the direct supervision of the Government. A large saving will thus be effected. Thus the work of reform goes steadily forward. Of course, all the journals who charge any defect in any department of Government on President Grant will credit him with a part of the merit of these reforms.

EFFORTS have been made at times to institute a comparison between our beautiful Speaker, Patterson, and Haines, of Illinois; but the latter carries the palm. The Republicans closed the session by protesting against his misconduct, and he in return had a special plea in his favor spread upon the journal of the House, although one-half of his own party refused to sign it, so mendacious and vile was it. The Republican protest, now on file before the people, brands Mr. Haines as unfaithful to his oath, guilty of unexampled injustice in his rulings, and of a partisanship as unscrupulous as mendacity could possibly render it. As a result, the session of the Legislature was worse than a failure. Says the Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, writing of it, and him: "It is quite impossible to consider the Twenty-ninth General Assembly without writing of Haines. He inspired the body with his own demoniac spirit. He imbued the majority with his own impracticable characteristics to such an extent as to render every effort to facilitate the transaction of business utterly futile. He infused into every member of the majority that exceptional quality of viciousness which distinguishes him to a remarkable degree. It follows that the session of the House could not well be other than a succession of turbulent scenes, in which legislation was next to impossible. The Democratic party required but one new element to secure its absolute wreck. That element was the accession to its ranks of E. M. Haines."

FLAPDOODLE is at it again. It assumes to quote a remark of ours to the effect that the Governor has adopted the general principle of signing such bills enacted by the Legislature as are not unconstitutional, and to doubt whether such a rule is observed by the Governor. "Of course," says this vivacious journal, "where acts are manifestly unconstitutional, he ought not to sign them, for that would be foolish procedure, but to imply that the veto was ordered mainly for cases of this sort is to put a light, fallacious and wholly insufficient estimate upon it." A little farther on it says, with beautiful consistency, "the Local Option Act is clearly unconstitutional in some of its provisions as explained in this journal at the time of its passage, and not a few careful jurists are inclined to believe that it is unconstitutional as a whole.' Hence the Governor has perpetrated the "foolish procedure" of signing a bill which Flapdoodle explained to be unconstitutional. The misfortune evidently is that the Governor did not select it for his Attorney General. As it is, Attorney General Dimmick, as is well known, subjected the bill under mention to careful investigation, with reference to its constitutionality, and having decided that it conforms to the provisions of our fundamental law the Governor signed it, for the exact reason we stated. It may be a "light, fallacious and wholly insufficient" policy, to consider a bill with reference to its constitutionality, and to leave the question of policy with the representatives of the people in Legislature assembled, but it is not a new idea, and the Governor is to be commended for following it. It puts responsibility where it belongs.

POLITICAL OUTGIVINGS.

That the political cauldron has begun to move under the impulse of Presidential hands, is too evident to doubt or deny. The lines are being closely drawn, and Presidential candidates are rising and falling in large numbers. Mr. Washburne is reported out of the field, and if the report is credited, it will be interpreted as indicating that President Grant will be a candidate for a third term. But there are good men and true within the party who will be candidates, and the race will be to the swift as well as to the strong. Touching the contest within the Republican party, little that is new develops, all interested being busy arranging their measures for success. In the Democratic party a very similar condition of things exists. There is much indecision as to who shall be the candidate, while the individual competitors are engaged in collecting influences to help them on to success. With all this, we have no special interest at the present.

The general principles on which the contest will be waged are of unusual importance. Old issues, as the color line, and possibly even the war theories, are not likely to play so important a part as formerly, and new topics are very likely to come into play. Just what these will be, will depend on the maneuvres of the parties in the interim. The Democracy are earnestly engaged in so arranging the situation that they may take the aggressive in the next contest; but they are met with the difficulty of a session of Congress with their party in the majority in the House. The responsibility attaching to this is what they dread. Until the session is over, none can tell whether they may not have enough to do to defend themselves. Hence there is much uncertainty of plan, even among the Democracy. On the other hand, the elections so far held are anything but encouraging to the Democracy. Even Connecticut, their solitary victory, is much less a triumph than it seemed at first. Putting aside the Gubernatorial vote, toward which the Republicans gave little heed, it is seen that in the Congressional vote, they came within 190 of gaining as many votes as did the Democrats. Hence the close analysis, now being made of the result of that election is not encouraging to the Democrats, while Rhode Island and Michigan do not serve to stimulate them very greatly.

The financial issue, as applied to politics is still in abeyance, and it is difficult to conjecture just how it will develop. It is really more important to the Republican party that business should recuperate than it is to the Democracy. The party in power is always charged with any mishaps that occur, and it matters not whether they be the result of political policy, or of trade relations that are totally independent of politics, it follows that the party in power is made to suffer. If business revives the Republican party is good for a triumph in 1876.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

The several members of the late Constitutional Convention from Luzerne county have submitted to their constituents a comprehensive criticism of the amendments proposed to the new Constitution by the Constitutional Commission appointed last year by the Legislature. The first amendment is passed over as immaterial,—as it simply prevents the resignation of a member of the Legislature pending an investigation. The second and third restore the old system of managing and making appropriations. The fourth and eighth, fixing the manner of commissioning, and the beginning of the terms of Judges is declared unnecessary, as both the Constitution and law already regulate the same subject. The fifth amendment enlarges the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court,—and it is objected that it was purposely limited by the Constitutional Convention to save the Judges from excessive labor. So far, the remonstrants claim, their reasons are unanswerable. The sixth, referring the judicial districts, is claimed to be premature, while the seventh, which provides that Associate Judges of the Common Pleas shall serve in all the Courts of their respective counties, the only question arising has been settled by the Supreme Court, and hence does not require a constitutional amendment. The ninth amendment strikes out the sixteenth section of the Judiciary article, which applies Buckalew's cumulative voting system to the election of judiciary officers. The argument against this does not strike us as particularly forcible. It is claimed that the system gave us Paxson and Woodward at the last election, allays partisanship, and removes the judiciary election from the atmosphere of politics. The truth is, it simply transfers the choice of Judges from the people to the politicians. It was well known that at the time when Woodward and Paxson were nominated, that the Conventions practically appointed them—the people being permitted merely to register the decrees of the Conventions. To say that any plan that refers the selection of men to the Nominating Conventions is non-partisan is absurd. It is all the more partisan that it is taken from the people and remanded to Nominating Conventions, generally controlled by politicians.

The tenth amendment, authorizing the pay of Judges to be increased during their terms of office, is stated to be a departure from a wholesome rule. It should not be decreased; but there is good reason why it should not be increased. Any other rule makes the salaries of Judges practically unchangeable, as there are, at all times, Judges on the Bench whose terms have not expired. Either this, or different rates will be made for different Judges. The eleventh amendment, authorizing Judges to appoint under officials, it is claimed, is already given in the Constitution. The twelfth amendment is important. It takes the trial of contested elections of members of the General Assembly from the Courts and vests them in the Legislature. The objections alleged against the proposed changes are that they revise the deliberate action of the Convention, and that the Legislature decides such subjects, usually, on partisan grounds. There is a measure of truth in this,—yet the trouble and delay involved in referring it to the Courts is also an objection. The thirteenth and fourteenth amendments, —the one exempting colleges and hospitals from taxation, and the other limiting the indebtedness of cities are superfluous, as both ideas are embodied in laws. The fifteenth, that "all fines and penalties shall be paid into the treasury of the county," is opposed on the ground that it will include the township and borough fines as tributary to the county treasury. Minority and proportional representation in local boards, are repealed by the sixteenth and seventeenth amendments, and the argument against them is that such representation is both desirable and right. The next three amendments are considered unnecessary, as having no special influence. The final proposition that writs of error and appeals to the Supreme Court shall be permitted only in cases where the sum in controversy exceeds $500 is objected to, on the score that amount in issue does not always afford a criterion as to the importance of a case. The document will carry some weight, as its reasoning is specious, but will not prevail very largely.

IF you write down the figure 5 and twenty-one cyphers and call the unit tons, that is, they say, the weight of this world of ours. For instance—5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000. If there were some unit of weight that represented a milliard of tons, there would be five thousand milliards of that weight.

PERSONAL.

TROY is to erect a monument to the memory of the late General John Wool.

GOVERNOR DINGLEY, of Maine, has written a letter declining to be a candidate for re-election.

LESTER WALLACK, the actor, received the holy rite of confirmation at St. John's Episcopal Church, New York, last Sunday.

SENATOR FERRY, of Michigan, and Representative Heister Clymer, of Pennsylvania, are recovering from severe attacks of typhoid fever.

MR. EVARTS has the largest nose of any lawyer in the case. It is also a pale, thin, studious-looking nose, and hasn't shed a tear during the whole trial.—*Brooklyn Argus.*

LETTERS from London state that General Schenck has no idea of resigning the mission to England, as published here a month ago. His return a year hence is probable.

SETH GREEN, the well-known fish culturist, has, during the present season, distributed four hundred thousand salmon-trout fry in lakes and rivers in various parts of the country.

EX-GOVERNOR COBURN, of Maine, during a lumber business extending over a period of twenty-five years, and involving sales of logs to the amount of $5,000,000, is said to have made no written contract.

THE death of Samuel A. Wells, the founder of the *Phrenological Journal*, and the author of a number of works on physiological and sanitary topics, is announced. He was an ardent advocate of vegetarianism and teetotalism.

MRS. MARION FINNEY, widow of the late Hon. Darwin A. Finney, of Meadville, was married at Chambersburg, on Saturday evening last, to Governor Carstensen, of Denmark. They will sail for Copenhagen, their future residence, on the 28th inst.

HENRY W. DUTTON, senior proprietor of the Boston *Transcript*, died on Thursday morning, aged seventy-nine years. Within five months Mr. Dutton lost his wife and son, which, together with the death of Mr. Haskell, editor of the *Transcript*, indirectly caused his death.

IT is said that the precedency question between the Princess Louise and the Duchess of Edinburgh is still very troublesome at Court. The Princess Louise is understood vaguely to rank as her husband does, yet she has precedence over the Duchess, who is an Emperor's daughter, married to a Queen's son.

GENERAL SHERMAN appeared on the stage of Booth's theatre, Wednesday evening. It is intimated in some quarters that the General is in training as the Democratic candidate for the Presidency. MRS. Sherman has certainly been showing him off to the best advantage recently, in newspapers and on the stage.

IT is announced that the widow of the late Thomas Emery, of Cincinnati, proposes to build for the Young Men's Christian Association of that city a new structure especially adapted to their wants, on the site now occupied by them. The building will have an audience hall for 1,200 sittings. MRS. Emery proposes to give from $75,000 to $100,000 for this object.

MRS. MERIE ANTOINETTE NATHALIE POLLARD had recently to explain to a Baltimore audience, before whom she was lecturing, that she was not the person connected with some unpleasant shooting scandals in Maryland and Virginia. She is simply the widow of E. A. Pollard, the historian. Some one has blundered sadly in attributing to her the history of another lady of the same name.

PARAGRAPHS about the ill-health of President Grant are becoming frequent. Among the reports now is that Dr. Brown-Sequard, after a special call on the President, declared that unless he changed his course of living he would not live a year; and another is that the physical and mental condition of the President is Vice President Wilson's reason for giving up his European trip. Dr. Brown-Sequard now denies that he ever made such a remark, and the Vice President explains that his plans were not changed to meet any emergency of the kind reported.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

THERE are 982 licensed dealers in liquor in the District of Columbia.

FATHER HYACINTHE calls his church at Geneva "Christian Catholic!"

FARMERS in Southern California have commenced to reap their barley.

THE Russians enjoy 44 religious and Imperial holidays during the year.

THE School Board at Benton, Me., is composed of women exclusively.

WRECKERS are still at work trying to raise the ram Merrimac at Craney Island Bend.

PUNCH advises Cardinal Manning not to wear his red hat when the Pope sends over a new Bull.

ST. PETERSBURG contains 2,782 brick houses, 2,137 wooden houses, and 1,688 of mixed materials.

AN exchange wishes Beecher would pass Corinthians and turn to Revelations. The other witnesses have come in Numbers.

A BOSTON man, recently deceased, left a sum of money, the interest of which was to be annually invested in theatre tickets for the poor.

THE owner of Cafe Foy, on the Paris Boulevard, has left an estate of $1,000,000 to the poor, and 203 valuable snuff boxes to the Louvre.

TWO colored murderers, named Bunch and Hardee, sentenced to be hung in Charleston, S. C., have been respited for one week by the Governor.

A TEXAS horse trader journeying through Michigan sold eight small ponies to an Adrian farmer at the rate of sixty cents a pound. The eight weighed 5,550 pounds.

J. W. SNEETHE, who is supposed to be the senior member of the firm of J. W. Sneethe & Co., bankers of San Francisco, shot himself in New York on Wednesday.

THE New York *Herald* and *Times*, of Wednesday, each have editorials commencing,

"Come, gentle Spring, ethereal Mildness, come!"

TWO new and useful words—minimizing and maximizing—have just appeared. They are the offspring of minimum and maximum, and Dr. Newman is the accoucheur.

THE Charleston (S. C.) *News and Courier* says: Governor Chamberlain has decided to veto the onerous tax bill, passed by the Legislature at the close of the recent session.

THE two largest mixed colleges in the country are Oberlin and Michigan University. Of the 1,330 students at Oberlin 633 are women; of the 1,191 at Michigan University 100 are women.

THE difficulty between the Merchants' Bank of Canada and the Detroit & Milwaukee Railway, has resulted in the placing of the railway in the hands of a receiver, Mr. Trowbridge.

THE failure of the old firm of Walter J. Brown, Son & Co., brokers and dealers in wool, in New York, is announced. The firm, it is said, will likely get an extension and continue business as usual.

OUR imported liquors cost the consumer $12,000,000 annually; our native liquors $200,000,000, and our malt liquors $200,000,000 more, a total of over $400,000,000, or $40 per head of the entire population.

IN "Hawthorne's American Notes," page 191, may be found the following item: "West Newton, April 13, 1852—One of the severest snow storms of the Winter." Considerable snow fell in Pittsburgh April 13, 1875.

SOME of the statisticians who are investigating negro life have found that that race, above all others, abhors suicide. Only two cases have been recorded on the police books of Richmond, Virginia, for several years.

HERE is something else they manage better in France: A man and a woman who had enticed a young girl from her home to lead a life of debauchery, have been sentenced in Paris to imprisonment for five and seven years respectively.

ON petition of H. L. Goodwin, of East Hartford, Conn., the Superior Court has enjoined the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad from issuing free passes to members of the Legislature, which meets in May. The hearing is set for the July term.

THE writer of this had poetry in his soul: "You may go on inventing washing machines for the next fifty years, but to the average eye you can't patent anything equal to the sight of a lady's diamond rings flashing in and out of the sparkling suds as she thumps a wet towel up and down the washboard."

A CORRESPONDENT asks the *Journal of Education* to rise and explain, or step down and out of the spelling school. He writes that in their test words for spelling schools, about 950 in all, instead of 1,000, he finds that forty-six are repeated, two are repeated twice and *three spelt incorrectly*, viz.: testacious for testaceous, eyrie for eyry, woolen for woollen.

A PHYSICIAN of Saylorville, Iowa, who was made the victim of a first of April hoax by receiving a summons from a fictitious patient, and traveling a considerable distance in haste to answer it, turned the tables on the jester by sending in to him a bill for professional services, and compelling payment, with costs, by process of law.

THE President and Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Sartoris, General Babcock and Secretary Robeson have left Washington, *en route* to Massachusetts, to attend the battle of Lexington celebration on the 19th instant. They will return on Wednesday next. Secretary Belknap left last Wednesday night, and other members of the Cabinet will join the President in New York this morning.

A YOUNG MAN named Fred. Brandenburgh was found dying from starvation and exhaustion, under a pile of lumber in San Francisco, Tuesday morning. He stated before his death that he crawled under the lumber nine days ago. Other lumber was piled around, stopping his egress. He was a son of Matthias Brandenburgh, No. 6 St. Charles place, Philadelphia, and was aged about 18.

A FEW evenings since a strange colored man walked into the house of B. F. Cheevers, Westtown, Conn., took a seat at the stove, pulled off his shoes, and proceeded to make himself at home. When asked for an explanation, he replied that, the Civil Rights bill having passed, he had come in to get warm, and intended to stay all night. Mr. Cheevers produced a pistol, and the intruder didn't stay.

A NOTE from Cherrytree, Pa., of April 14, says: "We had a continuous fall of snow here yesterday from before daylight until after dark. I suppose about ten inches in depth if it had remained. It is quite a check on farming and gardening operations. We think it will furnish water enough to clear the Susquehanna river of all the timber now ready for market, nearly all of which is on the way."

THE severe winter has driven the crows into the Shenandoah Valley in such numbers as to compel the farmers to hasten their corn into their barns without husking. The birds cover the country by thousands, and, as an evidence of their numbers and of the straits to which the winter has reduced them, hundreds have perished from starvation, while many others have had their eyes picked out while yet alive.

A DISPATCH from Havana says that Wm. J. Sharkey, the convicted murderer, who escaped from the Tombs in New York, had arrived there in irons from Santiago de Cuba. His jailers say he attempted to escape from the prison there by digging his way out of the cell; that he had made repeated attempts to slip from his handcuffs while on the way to Havana, and attempted to leap overboard. Sharkey will leave for New York on the first steamer.

A GENTLEMAN of this city, afflicted with a statistical mania, has counted the beer saloons on State street. He says there are just fifty-three in the distance of one mile, between Twelfth and Twenty-second streets—that is, one to every 100 feet.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*——Any one of a statistical turn of mind might do much better than the Chicago man if he would take the Court House at Pittsburgh as a starting point and count the drinking saloons within a radius of half a mile. We venture that he could almost double Chicago's number.

THE telegraphic dispatches in the papers often contain the word *balance*, used in an unlawful sense. A few mornings ago our dispatches spoke of "the balance of the ticket" and "the balance of the session." There is no good authority for any such use of this word. It is a corruption of the term too common in commercial language, is heard in conversation, as well as seen in print, almost every day; but no standard author that we ever read uses balance in such a sense. The word "remainder" would be generally more appropriate.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

IT is reported that a Maine spelling-match in which the leading literati of Lewistown were engaged, came to grief over the orthography of "mosquito." It would be interesting to learn what original ingenuity was brought to bear upon a new combination of letters which could possibly be declared inadmissable, since dictionaries give authority for no less than fourteen spellings of the word in question, viz: mosquito, musquito, moscheto, moscheto, mosquetoe, mosquetto, mosquetto, muscheto, musketo, musketo, muskitto, musqueto, musquetoe and musquitto.

WELSH law gives to single women at least one advantage over married women. A maiden lady who commits a breach of the peace is permitted to escape with a smaller fine than would be imposed if she were married. Recently, in Aberdare, twelve women were arrested for rioting and the single ones were fined ten shillings, while the married ones were compelled to pay a pound a piece. The reason for this singular distinction does not appear; but we suppose that the heavier penalty is imposed upon married women as a measure of protection for their imperiled husbands.

WM. D. BISHOP, President of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, has issued orders requiring the conductors to collect full fare from all passengers, whether they may have passes or not. Under this order, he says, it will be necessary for the President of the United States and his Cabinet, and also the committee of the Massachusetts Legislature who go to New York to receive them, to pay regular fare on their trip to Boston and return, to celebrate the centennial anniversary of the battle of Lexington. President Bishop explains that this order is necessary, owing to the injunction restraining the issue of passes.

A DISPATCH from Sioux City, Iowa, says during the recent high water in Floyd river, a powerful current set against the base of the hill on which is situated Floyd Cemetery, where Sioux City buries its dead. The current gradually undermined the bluff, huge sections of it falling into the river, carrying many coffins, which floated down the river. The sexton stated that in the neighborhood of twenty graves had been carried away. Others who are familiar with the locality say more than twice that number are gone. A man from down the river reports that he counted fifteen coffins lodged on an island about four miles below. One slide in the afternoon carried down six graves, leaving the ends of seventeen coffins projecting from the bank.

AN ounce ball from an Enfield rifle was removed from behind the eyeball of Gen. John F. Miller, in San Francisco, a few days ago. The ball entered the eye at Liberty Gap, Tennessee, July 24, 1863. The General lay in a comatose condition for two or three days, and the surgeon pronounced death almost inevitable. He rallied, however, and the wound finally healed. But the recovery was never complete. The General has suffered from neuralgic pains, and of late the uninjured eye had begun to show signs of weakening through sympathy. The ball had adhered to the bone, and was fast in its place, but yielded to the instrument, and was easily abstracted. The eye was then dressed, and the General left in a comfortable condition. Thus, for nearly twelve years, the General had been carrying in his head an ounce of lead.

WEBSTER CITY, the shire town of Hamilton county, Iowa, a bustling little town of nearly 3,000 inhabitants, situated about midway between Dubuque and the west line of the State, boasts of having shipped during the past Winter more grain and live-stock than any other town on the Iowa Division of the Illinois Central Railway, and has 50,000 to 75,000 bushels of corn cribbed near the depot, waiting for the good prices near at hand. The farmers have not yet sold their wheat. A mania for building sidewalks has broken out, and threatens to pervade the remotest nooks of the town. The people are at work to secure we do not know how many railroads, and an organization has been perfected to induce the starting of several manufacturing enterprises. Of course that community will go on from prospering to prosperity. So mote it be.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

HUMOROUS.

WHEN a cat sings, does she not do it on pur-puss? She simply does it to a-mews herself.

SUCCESS is said, by a western sage, to greatly depend upon the possession of three qualities, grit, grip and gumption.

IN Louisville they check the garrulity of a bore by telling him to "write the rest on a piece of paper, and we'll read it Sunday."

A CALIFORNIA preacher is preaching on the best way to raise boys. A number fourteen boot is about as effective as anything for raising them.

A BOSTON father is telling everybody who will listen to him that his little girl, two years old, brought his pen back to him and said she "wanted some juice put into it."

MISS D. sends us a poem entitled, "I Cannot Make Him Smile." We cannot publish it unless she gives us the name of the young man. All the young men we know "smile."

DIO LEWIS continues his warnings against eating ginger, and thoughtful, well-to-do people are sending it in larger quantities than ever to their poor relations. —*N. Y. Com. Ad.*

"DON'T call on me for three days," is what an Ashland girl posted on the front gate, and she further added: "I'm going to eat some onions this week if I never have another beau."

A FOPPISH fellow advised a friend not to marry a poor girl, as he would find matrimony with poverty "up hill work." "Good" said his friend; "I would rather go up hill than down any time."

A WIDOW was weeping bitterly at the loss of her husband, and the parson tried to console her. "No, no," said she; "let me have my cry out, and then I shan't care anything more about it."

"NO EETIN appuls in school ours!" reads a sign on the blackboard of a schoolhouse in enlightened old Massachusetts, where Education is supposed to sit on the top rail and make faces at Ignorance.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings
No. 61 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1862.
Assets January 1, 1873, - - - $778,351.56
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Fodanbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
Solicitor—John B. Bailey.

PERSONAL.
DR. J. SPENCER KENNARD, Dentist, has removed from 69 Fifth avenue to 84 Fifth avenue, Duquesne Building.

NOTICE.
THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of Hamilton & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm will please call and settle their accounts with Wm. Hamilton, who will continue the business at the old stand, No. 1 Diamond street, Allegheny City.
WM. HAMILTON,
JOHN HAMILTON,
JAMES HAMILTON.
Allegheny City, April 1, 1875

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,

14 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will be removed to their Rooms, Germania Savings Bank Building, corner Wood and Diamond streets, MARCH 20, 1875.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - $200,000.

D. P. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

ROBINSON BROTHERS

NO. 78 FOURTH AVENUE,

BANKERS.

Buy and sell on Commission GOVERNMENT BONDS, STATE AND CITY SECURITIES, RAILROAD BONDS AND STOCKS.

Especial attention paid to purchase and sale of all LOCAL SECURITIES of Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

FIRST CLASS REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES WANTED; ALSO 25,000 WARD SCHOOL BONDS.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, April 16, 1875.

The resumption of work at the mills, and its influence on our home finances, was the topic of conversation in financial circles yesterday. This, in the absence of any other exciting topic, was variously considered, but generally the impression was that it would contribute to the prosperity of our financial institutions. Our banks, while carefully and conservatively managed, have not been making a large amount of money for several months past. They have accumulated deposits, but have not found ready borrowers of the acceptable kind. Now that the mills have started, there will naturally be, very soon, a strong draw on the banks, and money will be in active use. The impression also prevails that the start will greatly lighten the prospects of trade in all departments of business. The fact that large amounts will be paid the puddlers will set so much in circulation that will go through all the channels of trade. We find it difficult to gather the exact status of the iron trade, but from extensive inquiries, and taking into account specialties, we think our manufacturers generally are making a little.

—For some time past the banks and bankers have been complaining as to the arbitrary pretension set up by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to examine national bank checks to see if proper revenue stamps has been complied with in all cases. The Commissioner claims the right to examine all canceled bank checks. The Controller of the Currency, who holds a different opinion, says in his annual report, it is the custom of all well managed banks to return to their dealers monthly or quarterly such checks as may have been paid, with their bank mark on the dealer, in which is entered the amount of each check. The canceled checks now on hand do not represent the deposits or business of the bank. They are simply the checks of persons who are on regular dealers in the bank and which have accumulated for a series of years. It is not surprising that many of these checks, which have been handled again and again for a number of years past, should be found wanting in stamps, for it is well known that the mucilage upon them is not sufficient to cause them to adhere firmly for any great length of time.

—In the United States Circuit Court, Judge Wallace has decided that where a national bank is wound up by a receiver, under direction of the Comptroller of the Currency, and a sufficient fund is realized from the assets to pay all claims against the bank and have a surplus, the creditors are entitled to interest on their claims during the period of administration, in preference to appropriating the surplus to the stockholders of the bank. The bank cannot be permitted to say that a depositor should have made a demand, when, if made, it would have been nugatory and useless. It has been held that in cases of insolvency where a debt is payable on demand and no special demand is shown, interest is to be computed from the first publication of the proceedings in insolvency.

—The Rothchilds have issued the prospectus of a new Russian loan, equal to $75,000,000, with interest at 4½ per cent. per annum, to be issued at 92. Of the total amount $40,000,000 are offered for subscription in London. The rest is reserved for St. Petersburg. When it is remembered that the Government of Russia already carries a debt equal to 1,700 millions of dollars, the rate of 4½ per cent. for this additional amo unt is very low as compared with our low est rate of 5 per cent. for a loan at par.

—The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Treasurer to withdraw from the available currency balance of the Treasury $1,488,000 of legal tenders, and that they be canceled and destroyed, the same being 80 per cent. of the additional circulation issued to the national banks during the month of March, until further redemptions under the act providing therefor are ordered.

—Thirteen of the principal Western railroads show receipts for March to the amount of $4,144,152, against $3,559,551 in same month last year, being an increase of $584,605. The most of this increase comes from the Pacific railroads, but several other roads give indication of a revival of business.

—One hundred canal boats left New York on Monday evening for Rondout, where there is an immense quantity of coal ready to be shipped to anxious consumers further north.

—Both houses of the New Jersey Legislature have passed the bill taking from the New York and Long Branch Railroad Company its power to unite with the Baltimore and Ohio.

—The three cent tax on coal mined in Pennsylvania by incorporated companies is involved at Harrisburg in six suits against so many companies, which deny the constitutionality of the tax.

—The London *Times* advises sensible people not to invest any more money in Canadian railroad projects. The advice we consider most wholesome.

—The Controller of the Currency has declared a dividend of ten per cent. in favor of the creditors of the First National Bank of Washington, payable on the 14th inst.

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds an stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold	115¾
U. S. Sixes—1881—coupon	122⅜
5-20 1865 "	118¾
20—1864 "	119¾
" 1865 "	121¾
" 1865 new "	120⅜
" 1867 "	121⅜
" 1868—coupons	121⅝
10-40's "	113¼
Currency 6's	121
New 5 per cents	118
10-40's—coupons	116¾
RAILWAYS.	
New York Central	107⅛
Erie	31⅜
I. C.	102
C. C. & I. C.	6
St. Paul	38⅝
Do. Pref	73¾
Michigan Southern	73¾
Do. Central	73¾
North Western Common	57
Do. Pref	85
Rock Island	103⅝
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	92
Pacific Mail	43¼
Western Union Telegraph	77⅜
Ohio & Mississippi	27
Union Pacific	71⅝
Toledo & Wabash	19
Harlem	129½
Adams Express	101⅞
American Express	64⅝
U. S. Express	63¾
W. Fargo & Co. Express	87¼
Quicksilver	21⅜
Quicksilver pref	96⅝
Hannibal & St. Joseph	27⅝
Panama	121½
Iron Mountain	23

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board to-day:

	Asked.
P. R. R.	
Reading	55¾
United Cos. of N. J.	86¾
Oil Creek	129
Leigh Valley	10
Central Transportation	62¾
A. V. R. R. 7-20	93¾

NEW YORK, April 15, 1875.

Money was 4@2½ per cent., closing at the lower figure. Prime mercantile paper is unchanged. Sterling was strong, at 476½ for sixty days and 490 for sight. The customs receipts were $314,000. Gold was steady at 115½@115¼, closing at the lowest price. The carrying rates were 1@2; borrowing 1-64@2 per cent. Loans were also made flat. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $23,000. The clearings were $28,600,000. The specie shipments to Havana were $413,600. Government and railroad bonds were firm. State bonds were steady.

There was increased activity on the Stock Exchange to-day, and frequent changes in the temper of speculation. During the early hours a heavy feeling prevailed, and there was a general decline in prices ranging from ¼ to 1 per cent. In the afternoon a firmer feeling set in, and prices advanced ½ to 1¾ per cent., the closing quotations in many cases being the highest of the day. Union Pacific was the leading feature in the late dealings, and advanced from 69¾ to 71⅛, closing at 71⅛ to 71¼. The transactions in the stock were large, and the market was animated at intervals. Erie was the next most prominent feature, and rose from 30⅝ to 31¾, closing at 31⅜. Pacific Mail was also active, and advanced to 43¾, closing at that figure. St. Paul common recovered from 37⅜ to 38⅝, and Northwestern common from 43⅞ to 44¾. Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph rose from 25 to 25⅝. The improvement in the remainder of the list was ½ to ¾ per cent. Delaware, Lackawanna and Western declined to 114 on increased business. The market closed active and strong. The transactions aggregated 196,000 shares, of which 33,000 were Pacific Mail, 11,000 Western Union, 13,000 Northwestern common, 11,000 St. Paul, 54,000 Erie, 16,000 Lake Shore, and 13,000 Union Pacific.

Governments.—U. S. Coupons of 1881, 122¾; 5-20s of '62, 118¾; do of '64, 119¾; do of '65, 121¾; do do new, 120⅝; do of '67, 121⅝; do of '68, 121⅜; new 5s, 118⅜; 10-40s, 116¼; currency 6s, 121.

State Bonds.—Missouri 6s, 99¾; Tennessee, old, 75; do new, 75; Virginia, new, 34; do old, 34; North Carolina, old, 20¾; do new, 10.

Stocks.—Canton, 60; Western Union Telegraph, 77¾; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph, 25⅝; Quicksilver, 21; Adams Express, 101; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 87; American Merchants Union Express, 41; United States Express, 63¼; Pacific Mail, 43½; New York Central, 101½; Erie, 31⅜; Harlem, 130; do preferred, 125; Michigan Central, 74; Pittsburgh, 92½; Northwestern, common, 44½; do preferred, 57; Rock Island, 103⅝; New Jersey Central, 112⅜; St. Paul, 38⅝; do preferred, 73¾; Toledo & Wabash, 19; do preferred, 29; Fort Wayne, 98; Terre Haute, 7¾; do preferred, 22; Chicago & Alton, 103; do preferred, 107½; Ohio & Mississippi, 27½; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 92; Burlington & Quincy, 112¾; Lake Shore, 77½; Panama, 0; Illinois Central, 102; Union Pacific 71⅝; Central Pacific, 99⅝; Union, 99; Delaware & Lackawanna, 114.

LONDON, April 15—5 P. M.—The bullion in the Bank of England has increased £19,000 the past week. The proportion of bank reserve to liability is 38¾ per cent. The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £5,000. Consols, 93⅞@93¾; reduced, 93⅛@93⅜; 5-20's of '65, 103½; do of '67, 104⅝; 10-40's, 103; new 5s, 102½; New York Central, 91; Erie, 27; do, preferred, 55.

PARIS, April 15.—The specie in the Bank of France has decreased 6,725,000 francs the past week. Rentes 87 85.

FRANKFORT, April 15.—United States 5-20's of 1862, 99.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

DAILY REPORT OF PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, April 16, 1875.

Some of the retarding causes which have operated to prevent the development of the spring trade are disappearing, and others must soon give way to the force of returning confidence. The ending of the lock-out will have a most beneficial influence upon our local trade, as it will be the means of furnishing employment to hundreds, if not thousands of men who have been idle ever since the mills were idled; puddlers and others who are behind with their grocers, butchers, etc., etc., will soon be able to pay up, and the retailer will then be enable to meet the demands of the wholesaler. There is a much better feeling in commercial circles in consequence of the starting up of the mills, it is confidently expected that there will be a general improvement in business in consequence.

APPLES—The market continues dull but prices are without quotable change; selling at $1.50@2.00 ₱ bbl, as to quality and condition.

BUTTER—Is the dullest article of produce we have to quote; selling at $1.50@2.00 ₱ bbl, as to quality and condition.

BEANS—Continue to arrive freely, and with the supply accumulating and a stronger disposition to sell, prices are somewhat lower; we quote at $1.80@1.85 per bushel for mediums, and $1.85@1.90 for navies.

BUTTER—There is no abatement in the demand for prime table fresh, and there is no light supply, but common stock is dull, with the market largely overstocked. Sales of prime to choice roll at 20@22c; medium to good quotable at 18@20c; packing stock common at 10@13c. A New York report under date of 14th says: "The market for fine table butter is hardly kept up to the quotations given, for although any steady inquiry, and the difficulty in finding parties willing to operate at 30c, the receipts from outside trade takes all of the spirit out of buyers. A few parcels of well kept Welsh are selling consumptively high, but the bulk of the receipts are poor enough to bring 25c or 26c. The under grades of stock show an unwieldly bulk, and much of what is here will have to go to grease. There is no change in the tone of old, and the present condition of prices will be apt to pickle and simmer a good portion of it. This is seldom a success for owners, for dealers subject to handle such dairies when they are ultimately sent in, still they would hardly know what to do with the surplus if sent in this spring. If it could be kept operated quite freely, but sellers would gladly turn out a larger quantity and give the shipper about his own way in prices. Old Western butter is low and fair daily supply. Old Western butter is low and seeking a market."

BROOMS—We quote "Union" factory prices: No 2 common, $2.75; No 3 Hurl, $3.00; No 4, $3.50; No 5, $4.00; No 6, $4.25; No. 3 Carpet, $4.50; No. 4 do, $4.75; fancy, Parlor, $5.00@5.50; Whisk, plain, $1.50@1.75; Wisps, fancy, $1.50@2; Toy Brooms, $1.50@2.00.

CHEESE—The primo tone of the market is weaker, under the influence of recent advices from Philadelphia, but our quotations remain unchanged; we continue to quote, in a jobbing way, at 16½@17c for prime Ohio Goshen, and 17@17½ for New York Chesire, by the case; some few dealers charge larger, but with a steady export demand there has been no accumulation.

CRANBERRIES—$10@12 ₱ bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Continues quiet and unchanged—Apples, 7½@8¾; Peaches, (halves) 8½@9½c, as to quality.

EGGS—Continue to come in freely, and notwithstanding there is a fair demand, the market is weak, and the general prices dropping; we quote at 10@10½c.

FEATHER—There is a fair local trade and the market is firm but unchanged. Spring wheat flour: $5.50@5.60 for Wisconsins; Minnesotas, $5.85@6.00; Iowa, $5.75@5.85; Ohio, $5.50@5.75; Amber and white. Both New York and Ohio were reported offish on Wednesday. Rye Flour, $5.75@6.00.

GROCERIES—The ending of the lock-out is certain to increase the demand for goods of this character, as retailers generally will be able to stock, and, furthermore, the iron workers will soon be able to pay the grocer, and they, in turn, will soon be enabled to meet the demands of the wholesaler; there is no question but the outlook is much brighter than it was a week ago, and a general improvement in trade within the next week or two. Those of our merchants who do a country business report that orders are coming in freely, and that the aggregate selling they are mostly comparatively small, they amount to considerable in the aggregate. Coffee is steady and unchanged. Sugars, Molasses and Syrups are also firm but unchanged.

SUGARS.	
Crushed.....11¾	Standard B.....10⅜
Granulated.....11¾	Ex C Standard 10¾
Powdered.....11¾	Demarara.....9¾@10¾
Standard A.....10¾	Porto Rico.....8¾@ 9¾
No. C. Sugar..8¾@ 9¾	

SPICES.	
Grain Pepper...28	Ground Ginger,
" Alispice...20	10 lb cans.....31
Cloves.....60	Ground Allspice,
Cassia, Bark...40	10 lb cans.....28
Nutmegs...$1 40	Ground Cloves,
Ground Pepper,	10 lb cans.....60
10 lb cans.....50	Ground Mustard,
Ground Cinnamon,	10 lb cans,
10 lb cans.....50	Durham.....35

COFFEES.	
Rio Good.....20	@21
Rio Prime.....22	@23
Rio Fancy.....24	@25
Roasted Rio, in lb packages.....27	
Roasted Java, in lb packages.....40	
Roasted Java, in lb packages.....40	
Roasted Java loose.....39	

Laid-Prime Leaf in tierces, ₱ lb.....	16¾
Do., half barrels...	16¾
Do., Refined, manufacturer in tierces	16¾
Do., in half bbls....	17
Do., in bbls....	17½
Do., 3 lb cans....	18¾
Do., 5 lb cans....	18¾
Do., 10 lb cans....	18¾
Hams—Extra S. C. ₱ lb.....	14
Shoulders.....	11
Breakfast Bacon, S. C.	14
Dried Beef, Ex. Sugar Cured, out.....	15
Beef Tongues Sugar Cured, ₱ doz.....	7.00
Bacon Shoulders.....	10
Short Rib Sides.....	13½
Clear Sides.....	14
Mess Pork, ₱ bbl.....$24.00	
Miner's Lard Oil..	
BAGS—Quiet and unchanged; regular sales at 2¾@3 cts for good mixed. woolen sacks ₱ lb.	

SEEDS—Clover seed scarce and advancing, with considerable inquiry; we quote prime sales at 7.50@8.75. Timothy seed firmer but unchanged at $2.60 to the trade and $2.75 in a small way.

TOBACCO—Is dull and nominal.

TALLOW—Easy at 7¼ to 7¾ for country, and 8½ for prime city rendered.

PITTSBURGH DRUG MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, April 15, 1875.

Corrected by HARRIS & EWING. Wholesale Druggists, corner Liberty and Tenth streets.

Acac., sorts ₱ lb	15a 75	Oil, Anise..₱l.50a4.00 ₱ lb	
Acac., 1st select..	50a 55	Bergamot..	8.50
1st select..	60a 65	Cassia.....	2.00a2.20
Asafœtida	15a 20	Lemon.....	1.75a2.00
Oxalic.....	22a 24	Lemon.....	5.00a5.25
Tartaric.....	60a 65	Linseed.....	80a 85 gal
Alcohol.....	2.25a2.40 gal	Neatsfoot..	90a1.35 gal
Alcohol, cape.	16a 20	Olive.....	1.25a2.00
A Barb.....	40a 47	" Qts	6.25a6.50doz
Socot.....		" Pts	3.25a3.50doz
Alum.....	4¼a 4¾	Orange.....	4.25
Amm., Aq.	8a 12	Origanum	70a1.20
Carb	22a 25	Pennyroyal	2.50
Arnica, Flor	15a 20	Peppermt	6.50
Assafœtida	25a 35	Sassafras..	90a1.00
Balsa, Copaib.	50a 55	Spearmint	5.75
Canada	75a 80	Oss. Sephia..	27a 35
Bay Rum.....	2.75a3.50 gal	Pot. BiCarb	30
Blu, Sulp car	2.75a3.00 ₱ lb	Bi Chrom	25
Sub nit..	2.00a2.25	Bromide..	70a 80
Blue Mass..	90	Chlorate..	34a 40
Vitriol.....	12a 14	Iodid.....	4.30a4.40
Borax, ref'd	15½a 18	Quinine....	2.35a2.45
Brim., Roll.	4a 5½	Root, Genit.	12
Flor. sulp.	4½a 6	Gin. E. I.	18
Buchu..	16a 25	Gin. Jam.	35
Calomel Am'l	70a1.80	Ipecac P.	1.85
Camphor ref	35a 36	Jalap P..	55
Canswood....	5a 9	Rhubarb..	1.00a1.50
Cantha. Gar	60	" Pow	1.00a1.50
Bon.....	26	Sar. Hond	58
Chloral Hyd	2.50	Sar. Mex.	28
Chloroform..	1.20a1.30	Senega....	1.00
Cincho. Pale	70a 80	Spigelia....	45
Red.....	1.35a1.50	Val. Eng.	38
Yellow.....	28a 40	" Ger..	25
Cochineal....	70a 85	Saffron Am.	60a1.00
Copperas..	2a 3	Sal Ammon	14a 16
Cream Tar..	48a 50	Epsom..	3a 5
Cubebs....	15a 20	Glauber....	2¾a 4
Dovers Pow'd	2.00a2.10	Rochelle..	35
Ergot.....	75	Soda.....	2a 3½
Ether, Nit..	40a 50	Seed, Canary	1¾a 1¾
Sul.....	70a 75	Lardoo....	1.90a2.00
Ex. Logw'd	12a12½	Hemp.....	7¾a 8
Ginger, Cal.	28a 45	Mustard....	30
" Ital	30	Worm, Alex	17a 22
Gentian.....	8a 10	E. I.....	17a 22
Glycerine....	30a 35	Tinner....	25
Howers'....	65	Shellac.....	75a 90
Indigo, Man	1.00a1.20	Soap, Castile	12a 15
S. F.	2.45a2.75	White.....	18a 21
Iodine.....	5.25a5.50	Soda Ash...	4a 5
Iodoform....	85 oz	Bi Carb..	5½a 6¾
Juniper Ber	7a 8	Starch, Cry.	2.85a3.10
Logwood....	2½a 3½	Pulv.....	2.60a2.85
Madder.....	12a 17	Sugar Lead.	24a 28
Magnes, Cal	50a1.00	Turpen, spts	44a 50
Carb.....	30a 35	Var. Coach	1.88a4.00
Manna, Fla.	75	Copal.....	1.25a2.00
Morph. Sul.	5.70a6.00	Damar....	1.50a1.80
Nit. Silver.	1.65 oz	Japan.....	80a1.30
Opium.....	8.75	Venet. Red	2½a 4½
Powd.....	11.66	Whiting....	1½a 2½

New York Wool Market.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Holders show more confidence generally, and offer supplies less urgently. The demand, however, in the local market has been comparatively limited thus far this week, manufacturers operating with reserve. The trade call has been light, and 1,000 bales Combing Pulled and 4,000 lb Montevideo on private terms; 100 bales and 2,000 lb California Spring at 22½@26½c; 45 bales Californ port and 7,100 bales American, Wheat steady; No 1 spring 98 1d; No 2 8s 9d; winter 9s 3d. Corn 28s. Pork 78s. Lard 68s 6d. Turpentine steady a 27s. Refined petroleum 9½d; spirits 8½d.

ANTWERP, April 15.—Refined petroleum 30¾f.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, April 15.—Cotton steady at 15¾@15¾c. Flour firm and unchanged. Corn dull at 85c. Oats firm at 78c. Provisions steady and unchanged.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, April 15.—Cotton dull at 13¾@14¾c. Flour active at $5@6.90. Wheat active at $1.23. Corn active at 90c. Oats active at 80c. Lard steady at 10@10½c. Bacon active; shoulders 10c; sides 13½@14½c. Bulk meats active; shoulders 10c; sides 13½@14½c. Hams: sugar cured 14c all packed. Whisky: demand fair and market firm at $1.16.

Boston.

BOSTON, April 15.—Flour firm and in good demand; superfine western $4.50@4.75; common extras $5.10@5.75; Wisconsin and Minnesota $5.75@6.50; white wheat Ohio, Indiana and Michigan $6.00@6.40; Illinois $6.25@7.25; St. Louis $8.00; fancy Minnesota $7.00@8.00. Corn scarcely so firm; mixed and yellow 82@86c. Oats quiet; mixed and white 73@76c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, April 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm; No 1 Milwaukee $1.07⅞; No 2 $1.05½. Oats scarce and nominal; No 2 fresh 37½c. Corn nominally unchanged; No 2 mixed fresh 74½c. Rye scarce and firm; No 1 in store $1.15. Barley scarce and firmer; No 2 $1.12; No 3 $1.08.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, April 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; No 2 white Wabash $1.24¾; amber Michigan $1.20; No 2 red $1.17½@1.18; amber June $1.15¾. Corn active; high mixed 77c; seller May 77c; some nominally unchanged; No 2 mixed and advanced; No 2 seller May 64@64½c; white 66c; Michigan 64½c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, April 15.—Cotton quiet at 15¾c. Flour and Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn firm at 75@77c. Oats firm at 60@62c. Rye quiet at $1.10. Provisions firm. Pork firm at $22@22.75. Bulk meats 8¾, 11¼@12c, loose. Bacon 9¾, 12¾@13¼c, packed. Lard 13¼@13½c, tierced. Whisky $1.12.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, April 15.—Cotton lower at 14¾@15¾c. Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat firm at $1.23. Corn firm at 73@75c. Oats dull at 64¼@64¾c. Barley firm at $1.30@1.35. Rye scarce and firmer at $1.08@1.10. Whisky steady at $1. Pork held firmer; $22. Dry salt meats and Bacon firm, but only small order trade. Lard nominal at 13c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, April 15.—The grain market was steady and unchanged. Petroleum firm; standard white car lots 11¾c; Ohio State test 120°; small lots are 12@12½c higher. Receipts of wheat 6,900 bushels; do corn 2,400 do; do oats 2,400 bushels.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, April 15.—Wheat dull and nominal; No 1 Milwaukee club $1.25. Corn quiet at 87c. Barley quiet; Canada held at $1.50.

Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 15.—Flour steady; fancy $5.75@6.25. Wheat steady at $1.15@1.15. Corn steady at 70@72c. Oats steady at 46@47c.

Live Stock.

BUFFALO, April 15.—Cattle: receipts 1,734 head; total for the week 6,902; the market was slow for want of stock; fair cars only of steers; extra vals were on sale; balance through consignments. Sheep and lambs: receipts 1,200; total for the week 9,400 head; the market opened moderately active and yesterday's prices. Hogs: receipts 2,800 head; total for the week 9,600; the market was dull and dragging, with a slow demand; none disposed of for Eastern trade; Yorkers $8.25@8.40; heavy hogs $8.30@8.60.

NEW YORK, April 15. — Beeves: receipts 920 head, making 2,400 for three days; prices about the same time last week; fresh offerings were mainly fair to good butchering steers, with a few prime and extra heavys; market ruled steady at 5¼@5¾c for prime and fair steers; 5¼@5¾c for live weights and fat bulls. Sheep: receipts 3,370 head, making 8,600 for three days, against 7,370 the same time last week; market steady at 6¼@6¾c for common to prime muttons; 7@7½c for prime to extra clipped. Swine: receipts 3,380 head, making 10,250 for three days, against 8,490 the same time last week; market dull and easy at 6½c for corn fed; 6c for prime, and 5½c for grassers.

CHICAGO, April 15.—Cattle: receipts yesterday 4,200 head; estimated to-day 3,000; market less active and weak; sales of stockers $3.50@3.75; feeders $4.50; ordinary to extra shipping $5.50@7; choice cows sold at $3.00@4.00; shipments 4,000 head. Hogs: receipts 11,000 head; market active and firm for choice; others weak and tending lower; light $4.50@5.10; heavy $4.95@5.25; a few sales at the latter figure; shipments 1,500 head; supply receipts 5,000 head; market steady and firm, but unchanged.

ST. LOUIS, April 15.—Hogs stronger; shipping $4.50@5.00; packing $4.75@5.00; butchers' $5@5¼c. Cattle: sales of fancy steers, 1,350 average, $5¼c; good native shipping steers 6@6¼c; fair to good butchering $4@4½c.

CINCINNATI, April 15.—Hogs firm; common $4@4½c; fair to medium $4.50@5.65.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, April 15.—Cotton dull at 15¾@16¾c; futures closed as follows: New Orleans barged April 16 5-16@16 11-32c; May 16 11-32@16¾c; June 16 21-32@16 25-32c; July 16 11-16@16 31-32c; August 17¼c; September 16 27-32@16¾c; October 16¾@16 13-32c; November 16 5-32@16 7-32c.

NEW ORLEANS, April 15.—Cotton: demand quiet; sales to-day 3,000 bales; receipts 2,000 bales; receipts 291 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,156; stock 199,571; unsold last evening 98,900 on shipboard 62,000 bales.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, April 15.—There was an improved feeling in the market and increased activity in domestic prints and gingham. Cotton flannels are steady, except outside makes of bleached shirtings, which are quiet and weak. Greene & and Redbank bleached cottons ruled steady. Plaid prints are active. The stock of damasks and napkins damaged in the late fire in Worth street was sold by the Claflins in a few hours to-day.

Chicago Seed Market.

CHICAGO, April 14.—The inquiry was more urgent to-day, and an increased movement was reported. Prices were firm and about 5 cents higher for timothy, but for the other descriptions no material advance was established. Sales were made at $1.60@1.65 per bushel for timothy, and $2.40 for prime to choice. Flaxseed is wanted at $1.70@1.75 for prime to choice, and $1.90@2.00 for fancy. Millet quotable at $1.50@1.55 for good to prime, and $1.40 was paid for choice German.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.—208 g stones Lindsay & S; 60 bbls gasoline Tatlo M & T; 15 g stones ruthlly; 40 bxs stone Whitmore W L & Co; 53 g chains W H Smith & Co; 12 bxs window glass F Pollard; 2 bales rubber Hartly McK & Co; 2 bxs brushes A Mcclure & Co; 30 bbls oil 8 pkgs paint Paine & J; 7 bbls oil G Penpack; 100 bbls oil 1 bbl flour F W Jenkins; 1 car wheat Marshall K & Co; 5 bbls knots Jacobus Nimick & Co; 20 bags rags Hill West & Co; 257 pcs iron Lindsay & McC; 1 car Rickettes; 20 kegs p barley Houck Mcc & Co; 7 do Schellhase & Z; 7 do John A Renshaw & Co; 12 pks to Schelgal & Z; 1 car wheat Marshall K & Co; 200 bags rags Stahl Zug & Co; 2 bbls paper Arbuckles & co; 207 kegs nails Zug & Co; 2 pkgs eggs F T Kennedy; 1 bbl & 1 pkg mdse Wm Flinn; 1 car wheat Mellon Bro; 1 do flour Schumaker & co; 2 do T C Hawkins; 1 bbl D W Carroll; 1 do lumber W & H Martin; 1 car mill feed J M Peat.

ALLEGHENY STATION—1 car lumber Mullen S & Co; 1 do do Wm Flinn; 1 do do Jas Patterson & C; 3 cks cheese B Jenny; 2 cars s pipe M Joyce; 1 car lumber W J Barclay; 2 do mill feed H & H; 2 do flour Geo Stevens; 1 do D Knox & Son; 1 do oats and flour E E Wilson; 5 cases tobacco H Hemphill; 10 bbls flour M Weil; 1 barrel eggs J Mc Ferron; 19 bbls grease G Harley; 2 cars staves J M Hemphill; 1 car barley Lutz & W; 4 cars lumber Wm Graham; 2 do B Pentland; 1 do Hine Holmes & Co; 1 do lumber W Chisholm; 1 car lumber Lapeer & Co; 1 do corn D G Stewart.

Receipts of Pig Metal, Ore Blooms, and Muck Bar.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

Lucy Furnace	18	Nimick & co m.	1
Cambria Iron Works s'l.	1	W. McKinney s iron	2
Charles casey s iron	1		
Total	23		

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. LESSEE.

Kloman C & Bro ore	6	Penna R R cos iron.	3
Nimick & co m	6	Penna R R cos iron.	3
Graff B & Co o	9	Smith S & co s iron.	2
Total	24		

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Lucy Furnace ore	1	Pgh Bolt Co o	1
Hussey W & co ore	1	Cambria I Co p	2
W Mullins s iron	1		
Total	17		

PENNA R. R.

Nimick & co metal	4	W J Hammond s l	1
Lewis O & P s iron	1		
Total	6		

PORK PACKERS.

J. L. DUNSEATH. JOHN NEELY.

J. L. DUNSEATH & CO.,

Pork Packers,

AND DEALERS IN

Provisions, Lard Oil and Refined Lard,

301 Liberty Street,

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Sugar-Cured Hams, Dried Beef.

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SCRAP IRON, &c.

W. J. HAMMOND,

DEALER IN

WROUGHT AND CAST IRON,

Wrought Turnings, Cast Turnings, Old Railroad, Locomotive Tire, Old Car and Driving Wheels and Boilers.

Brass, Copper, Lead and Zinc,

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TUBE WORKS.

GRAFF TUBE WORKS.

WILLIAM GRAFF & CO.,

Manufacturers of

PLAIN AND GALVANIZED

Wrought Iron Pipe,

FOR GAS, STEAM AND WATER.

No. 140 FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pipe of any size, length or thickness furnished to order. Also pipe cut and fitted to plans for mills, &c.

HAZARD POWDER CO.'S

Sporting and Mining Powder.

I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnacemen, Contractors, and dealers by keg or car load, at Low Prices. Safety Fuse constantly on hand.

ARTHUR KIRK,

No. 19 Seventh (late Irwin) street, Pittsburgh

RIVER NEWS.

State of the Rivers. Movements of Steamboats, &c.

OFFICE OF OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY.—DAILY REPORT OF THE STAGE OF WATER, WITH CHANGES IN THE 24 HOURS ENDING 7 P. M.

Pittsburgh, April 15, 1875.

Stations.	Above Low water—zero of ft.	Change in 24 hrs. ft.	Wind.	Weather.
Cincinnati, O	20	2 —0	NW	Lt Rain.
Evansville, Ind	19	6 —2	NW	Cloudy.
Freeport, Pa	7	6 —3	S	Cloudy.
Harrisburg, Pa	4	—2	NW	Clear.
Keokuk, Iowa	9	11 —1	NW	Clear.
La Crosse, Wis	7	9 +1	N	Cloudy.
Leavenworth	11	1 —1	NW	Clear.
Little Rock	11	6 —1	S	Clear.
Louisville, Ky	8	10 —2	SW	Lt Rain.
Marietta, O	11	6 —1	SW	Cloudy.
Memphis, Tenn	22	6 —1	SW	Clear.
Morgantown	5	4 —1	11	Thtng.
Nashville, Tenn	5	4 —1	W	Cloudy.
Omaha, Neb	10	10 +2	N	Clear.
Paducah, Ky	28	2 —2	NE	Clear.
Pittsburgh	9	11 +2	NW	Clear.
St. Louis, Mo	19	6 —2	NW	Clear.
St. Paul, Minn	17	+1	NW	Clear.
Vicksburg, Miss	42	4	SW	Clear.
Yankton, D. T	9	7 —1	N	Fair.

J. E. KERNAGHAN,
Sergeant Signal Service, U. S. A.

The stage of water last evening was 10 feet and falling. Cloudy and raw, with a slight rain late in the afternoon, and indications favorable for its continuance. Business only fair, but about all that can be expected from a Thursday, that the lockout is over and many of the mills are on the eve of starting up, trade at the landing will no doubt improve considerably within the next week or two, as the shipments of iron and nails by river will no doubt be large before long.

THE Hornet No 2 has gone to Evansville to bring up a tow of empty barges.

LAFAYETTE WILDS, a steamboat pilot, died last Thursday, at his residence in Memphis.

THE Thomas Sherlock has 16 bales of moss on board for Pittsburgh consignees.

THE A. J. Baker was to have left St. Louis on Wednesday for Steubenville with 1,200 tons of ore.

CAPT. LEA CRANE has taken command of the Tarascon during the illness of Capt. Dave Penny.

THE Morgan made the run from Evansville to New Albany in seventeen hours, including twenty-four landings.

THE

HOME NEWS.

Congratulatory

Our young friend Mr. Thomas B. Riter has signalized the advent of the month of showers by entering in a hymeneal co-partnership with one of Pittsburgh's fairest daughters, Miss S. A. McCallin. Thomas always did seem to be a favorite of Dame Fortune—albeit none are more deserving—and in this instance, the goddess has been especially kind in allowing him to secure a lady who unites to mental and moral excellencies, rare personal charms, and a disposition which has made her proverbial for amiability. We congratulate our young friend on his success, and with other friends extend our sincerest wishes to the young couple, that health, happiness and prosperity may attend them all through their matrimonial pilgrimage.

FIRST CIVIL RIGHTS SUIT.

Boston Lancy Sues a Hotel Proprietor.

Boston Laney, a gentleman of color, hailing from Staunton, Va., entered suit in the U. S. Court against the proprietor of the St. Cloud hotel of this city, alleging that the proprietor had refused him accommodations. Summons was issued returnable on the first monday of May next. The penalty for the violation of this law is $500. He was refused admittance to the St. Nicholas also, but he did not bring action against it. Both proprietors say that they remember him coming in, and being informed that they were full, he went away. However, he returned to the St. Cloud with another party, also colored, and again demanded accommodations. The proprietor replied by asking him who was running this hotel. The two then went away, and nothing more was heard of them until suit was entered against him. This being the first case of the kind in this district, its results will be watched with peculiar interest.

HOMICIDE AT BROWNSVILLE.

An Old Woman Murdered—No Clue to the Perpetrator.

Brownsville, near the head waters of the Monongahela river, is just now agitated over the murder of Mrs. Catharine Hampton, an old woman who kept a saloon in that place. The woman was found in the saloon one Monday evening with a pair of scissors in her hand, with which she had apparently been trying to cut her throat. She was unable to talk, but was conscious. She was removed to bed and physicians summoned, and on the following Monday a post mortem examination developed the fact that she had been injured by blows on the head, which were the cause of the paralysis, which occured before she died.

The Coroner has been investigating the case, but thus far has not elucidated the mystery. It was the opinion that she and her daughter sometimes quarreled, but there was no evidence of any quarrel immediately preceding the death of the mother. The whole case is wrapped in mystery, and the people are considerably excited over it. The investigation will be resumed on Saturday evening.

DEATH UNDER THE WHEELS.

James Sheridan Killed at the Federal Street Crossing—His Body Mangled in a Most Terrible Manner.

Yesterday afternoon between three and four o'clock another shocking accident occurred at the Federal street crossing of the P. Ft. W. & C. railroad, and upon the identical spot where a young man was horribly mangled only a few days ago, the circumstances being almost similar. The unfortunate victim, James Sheridan, attempted to board the Wellsville accommodation as it passed, and missing his footing, fell under the wheels, and was crushed into a shapeless mass. Several cars passed over his body, and had it not been for his clothing it would have been almost impossible to have known that the bloody scraps had ever belonged to a human being. The young man was a resident of Baden, and for some time has been in the employ of the road.

Coroner McCallin was notified and went to hold an inquest, but owing to the difficulty in getting the witnesses, postponed it until this evening at eight o'clock. A jury was impaneled and viewed the remains as they lay in a box at the undertaker's, on Ohio street. Will not these two sad warnings put a stop to the recklessness indulged in at the railroad crossings in this city?

ONCE AGAIN TO THE FORE.

Bleeding a Butler County Man—Fleeced Out of $500.

The same old confidence game was played again on Wednesday, and the man who was taken in was Samuel Miller, a farmer who lives near Unionville, in Butler county. He was fleeced out of five hundred dollars by two sharpers, who gave the names of J. H. Williams and James Pitts. They became acquainted with their victim some days ago at his residence, when they drew for him an entrancing picture of the money to be made from stock speculating. They told him there was millions in it, and he believed it then, but don't stop, and getting him into Ruckheis's saloon, on Sixth street, they asked him how much money he took the night before. Miller replied that he had to buy certain, and drew it out. Pitts said, "Put it in his pocket, and then we'll go with Miller to get a drink. They then started around town awhile when Pitts returned a package to Miller and told him he had not enough money to purchase the stock. Miller soon after left on the train for home, and when nearly there he examined the package which Pitts had given him and found it to be nothing but a roll of paper's rounds with a five and two one dollar greenbacks. He returned to the city yesterday and told his story to the Chief of Police, but the jig was up and Williams and Pitts have not been found, nor are they likely to be.

DRAWN FROM THE WHEEL.

Jurors for the May Term.

The following jurors have been drawn to serve in the Court of Common Pleas No. 1, commencing the third Monday of May next:

Albert Diamond, blacksmith; Joseph Pollock, painter; Albert Bindley, contractor; Michael Cunningham, gent; A. L. Jones, gent; Jos. Caughey, blacksmith; W. S. Reno, captain; Albert Pearson, steel master; Robt. Booeger, merchant; Henry Thomas, baker; John Huliban, saloon; D. W. C. Carroll, boiler maker; C. Miller, marble, cutter; J. F. Saville, cabinet maker; Henry Murphy, carpenter; George Addy, plumber; Henry F. White, contractor; J. G. Beam, carpenter; Timothy Barrett, saloon; W. F. Brown, grocer; Wm. Stewart, blacksmith; Michael Woods, saloon; William Chiswell, carpenter; A. F. Bayne, farmer; Alexander Moore, merchant; Jno. Walker, Henry Sageman, gardener; Jos. Corville, painter; Neal McFarland, shoemaker; Chas. Saiser, hotel; David Stevenson, sawyer; Frank Patterson, gent; B. Byrne, gent; Robert Rhodes, gent; Hugh McGonigle, cregin't; Casper Reel, Jr., farmer; Thos. Morrow, livery; Wm. J. Grasaud, shoemaker; Sebastian Koehler, shoemaker; H. Happy, miller; Jacob Dengand, saloon; W. J. McGregan, grocer; Henry Oche, heater; Samuel Walker, merchant; Bernard Doyle, laborer; David Collins, puddler; Wm. Beatty, carpenter; Christian Nusser, butcher; Wm. Gamble, miller; John Larimer, foreman; Henry Tyler, lawyer; Thos. King, carpenter; Christ. Wilhelm, grocer; Jas. D. Wilson, clerk; Joseph Jones, news agent; P. R. Brant, clerk; A. G. Gibson, painter; Wm. Garrison, miller; Richard Morrow, farmer; M. M. Felker, dry goods.

THE LINDSAY PERJURY TRIAL.

One of the Results of the McAfee Scott Breach of Promise Case.

Yesterday the Criminal Court room was again jammed with a curious crowd to hear the testimony in the case of Robert H. Lindsay, charged with having committed perjury by swearing falsely in the McAfee-Scott breach of promise case, tried recently. During that trial he testified that on the fifth of last September he met Mrs. McAfee on the street, in this city, and entered into a conversation with her. She told him that she wanted to go West, but that she had no money to pay her expenses. To these he replied that if she would cease the proceedings in the breach of promise case against Mr. Scott he would furnish her fifty dollars. She consented to this arrangement, he stated, and the next day he met her by appointment in Hauch's drug store, with a written article agreeing that she would withdraw all proceedings in the breach of promise case, and release Mr. Scott from all claims she had against him. She could not write her name, but fixed her mark to the document, and was paid the fifty dollars.

Mrs. McAfee made an information charging him with perjury, and on the stand yesterday testified that she had never seen Lindsay previous to the day of trial of her case in the Common Pleas No. 2, when she saw him on the witness stand, that she went to Brilliant station about the first of September 1874, to the house of Mr. Morrow, and remained there until the 16th of the same month; that from the time she went there until the 16th she was positive that she never was in the city of Pittsburgh. She was certain that she was at Brilliant station from the 7th to the 16th of September. She positively denied that she had ever received fifty dollars or signed any paper.

Mr. Barton her counsel in the breach of promise case, was then called and corroborated her evidence, after which the relatives with whom she was alleged to have been stopping at the time, were called, and testified that on the day she was alleged to have signed the document she was at their house out of the city.

Mr. Hauch testified that he had no recollection whatever of any persons coming into his drug store to sign any papers, and he was sure that he could not have been out as he had no clerk at the time referred to but was doing all of his own work.

The defense produced two witnesses, Mrs. Newbell and Miss Overhill who testified that Mrs. McAfee told them that she had received money and signed the paper. This gives a chance for another perjury case. The case is still on trial.

Pittsburgh Female College.

Spring term commences April 15. Send to Rev. I. C. Pershing, D. D. for catalogue.

MWF

Office Desks.

We make a specialty of Office Desks, and have a fine large stock to select from.

J. L. LYTLE & Co.,
169 Smithfield street.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

····April showed its true colors yesterday.

····The street cleaning brigades can find plenty of wosk now.

····Mayor Phillips has a very neat and cosy private office now.

····Isn't it about time now to agitate the "music in the parks" question?

····Physicans report typhoid fever to be the prevailing complaint, this season.

····The jury in the Murray murder case s still out, not having been able to agree.

····The Appeals Committee being unable to get a quorum last night it failed to meet.

····Captain Hager, of the South Side police, today undergoes official decapitation.

····The fountains in the Allegheny park as yet have not been uncorked for the season.

····Our street cars wouldn't be hurt now if "house cleaning" was to be visited upon them.

····The building season has commenced in earnest, but there are not so many houses going up this year.

····Business men were more cheerful yesterday; the lockout has ended and good times are anticipated.

····The Bedford *Inquirer* is "requested to state that the Duquesne Grays will not visit Bedford this season."

····The Allegheny firemen were called out three times between one and four o'clock yesterday morning.

····There was a runaway on Chestnut street, Allegheny yesterday morning, by which a wagon was badly damaged.

····Clerk Gamble of the U. S. Circuit Court is taking testimony in a case relating to a patent on molasses pitcher spouts.

····Public notices are posted up in Allegheny, notifying all interested that the market days will be changed next month.

····There was a slight slide of land yesterday afternoon from the hill at Forbes street to the track of the Connellsville railroad.

····H. W. Strickler has entered suit against Harry Shirls to recover $1,250 due as Commissioner on the sale of the St. Charles Hotel.

····The managers of the recent Tea Party are requested to meet this afternoon, at 2 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. Jones, on Duquesne Way.

····A young man named Peter Hoedel had his pocket picked of his watch and chain, on Chestnut street, Allegheny, on Wednesday evening.

····When a few more people are killed at the Federal street railroad crossing there will perhaps be some practical effort made to prevent such accidents.

····The grand opening of the new boat house of the Citizen club takes place this evening at the foot of Thirteenth street. Music by the Mozart band.

····Alderman Donley and Detective John Moore, of the South Side, have succeeded in arresting seven youths, who have been engaged in pilfering freight from the P. V. & C. R. R.

····The shoe store of L. McIntosh, on Federal street, Allegheny, near the Diamond, was burglarized early yesterday morning to the amount of sixty dollars worth of stock.

····A trunk mysteriously disappeared from the depot of the Fort Wayne Railroad yesterday morning, but was found unbroken in a hallway attached to a photograph gallery near by.

····Frank Flood, who was arrested on Wednesday evening for stealing goods from H. J. Adams' store, on Fifth avenue, had a hearing yesterday before the Mayor, and was committed to jail for trial.

····Conrad Roderus, the Frankstown saloon keeper, whose establishment it will be remembered was robbed not long since, died on Wednesday, it is supposed from the effect of exposure in pursuing the thieves.

····James Smith was sent up for trial yesterday, by the Mayor, on a charge of having stolen $12 25 from Joseph Malatesta Wednesday morning. The latter was asleep in his father's saloon on Liberty street.

····They have commenced house cleaning at the *Freheit's Freund* office, and when the army of plasters and decorators have finished the establishment of the contemporary, in its spring raiment, will be fitted up in palatial style.

····O. W. Barnes enters suit in court against B. Duncan and J. Gill, alleging that they trespassed upon him by entering upon his property, destroying the grass, digging up and destroying the soil, and otherwise injuring him to the extent of $900.

····It is currently reported that the birds have become discouraged and prepare for bit of sunshine and Old Prob, with a cold rain or a snow storm, indicates his displeasure at all evidences of hilarity so early in the season.

····"Smull's Manual" says Henry Lamb and Robert Clugston are Controller and Surveyor of Allegheny county. Well now, that is news. The general opinion in Pittsburgh is that both those gentlemen are dead, and that John Dalzell and J. B. Stilley fill the positions indicated.

····The report of the sale of the Conduit Company's pipe line to the Empire Transportation Company has again been made. When the statement was made in the GAZETTE several days ago, interested parties denied it, but for all that the report was true, and we chose to let time develope it.

····The Water Committee has another suit on hand. Mr. F. H. Luty, a newspaper carrier, has instituted proceedings for the recovery of $12 for newspapers delivered in the Committee rooms. The Committee has directed a warrant for the amount but the Controller is not certain that he should pay it. Get out a *mandamus* on him.

····The puddling furnaces at the establishments of Mossrs. Jones & Laughlin, Chess, Smyth & Co., Lindsay, McCutcheon & Co., and the Soho Galvanizing & Iron Works were started yesterday. Lewis, Oliver & Phillips resume to-day, and Dilworth, Porter & Co. will start up still commence as soon as they can get matters satisfactorily arranged.

····It is now said that Judge White did not refuse to pay the ten per cent. extra tax because it was unconstitutional, but because the law requiring the payment of the tax, that demand for the ten per cent. extra is to be made at a certain time. In Sewickley no such publication was made, and this circumstance, and that no notice was given him whatever, is the ground on which the Judge stands in refusing payment.

····Yesterday morning the Board of Engineers connected with the Ohio river improvement, consisting of General H. G. Wright, Gen. O. M. Poe, Gen. G. Weitzel, and Wm. W. Morrill and Lieut. W. L. Marshall, were in conference at the Monongahela House with the Improvement Commissioners, Messrs. J. K. Moorehead, George H. Thurston and Joseph Walton, Esqs., and an informal discussion took place in relation to the report to be made to the Secretary of War, upon the application of the $100,000 appropriated by Congress for the construction of a movable dam on the Ohio river. The Commissioners examined the plans of the engineers and were entirely satisfied with the same. Nothing definite was done, however, the session being occupied with informal discussion.

····The County Treasurer has received an opinion from the Attorney General of the State, and also from County Solicitor Geyer, to the effect that the new liquor bill does not affect the mode of granting licenses in the county, and on Monday next the County Treasurer will proceed to grant the licenses. The only question which seems to be unsettled, but about which there is little doubt in the minds of the county authorities is in regard to the application of the liquor license fund. By special law for some time past one-fourth of it has been handed over to the State and the other three-fourths applied to the Work House. There is nothing in the bill which conflicts with this special law, and consequently the same application of the funds, no doubt, will be made as heretofore.

····A Can-Can troupe from this city recently gave a performance at Millerstown, in the oil region, and their reception on the opening night was so warm, the audience was so demonstrative in its manifestations of disgust, that it was deemed best not to repeat the show. The festive patrons of amusements in the oleaginous district have a peculiar method of displaying their dissatisfaction if the performance fails to reach their high standard. They provide themselves with small paper sacks filled with flour, and, by a peculiar backward jerk of the arm, are enabled to throw the contents entirely across a room of pretty fair size. On the night in question the entertainment was thought indefinable. A hundred sacks or more were brought into requisition, and the residents of Millerstown demonstrated the appropriateness of its name by covering with flour every performer who appeared on the stage.

PERSONAL.

***We are pleased to learn that Rev. Alexander Clarke, editor of the *Methodist Recorder* has returned from his Southern trip in improved health.

***Chief Justice Agnew, who has been absent, at Philadelphia, during most of the winter, presiding over the State Supreme Court, returned to his home in Beaver last week.

***Lieut. J. E. H. Foster, who spent the winter foraging in Florida for the sake of his health, arrived home yesterday. He will leave on Monday to join his regiment on the frontier.

***Senator Rutan, who has been quite unwell in Philadelphia for a week or two past, returned home last Thursday morning. Although not in good health yet, his condition is improved considerably.—*Beaver Argus and Radical.*

***Mr. John Palmer, former editor of the Steubenville *News*, was presented last week by his wife with triplets—making an increase in his family of *five* within a period of little more than a year. That is good enough certainly for a one-legged soldier editor.

***We regret exceedingly to have to announce to our readers the death of John Lindsay, Esq., a worthy and estimable gentleman, who was for twenty years a resident of this city and deeply interested in its prosperity. He was connected with the city flour mills, being of the firm of "Legget & Lindsay." He was a gentlemen of honor and integrity, and always maintained an unblemished character. To his many relatives in this city we extend our sincere sympathy.

Dr. Gale French,
DENTIST,
258 Penn avenue.

Western University.

New term opens Monday, 19th.

Revolutionary Reminiscences.

List of Some of the Troops Stationed at Fort Pitt During the Revolutionary War.

Names and Rank of the Field, Staff and Other Commissioned Officers of Col. John Gibson's Detachment, at Fort Pitt, November 6th, 1780.

John Gibson, Colonel.
Richard Taylor, Major.
Jacob Coleman, Lieutenant and Adjutant.
Jostan Tannehill, Lieutenant, Paymaster and Clothier.
Henry Dawson, Lieutenant and Quartermaster.
David Holmes, Surgeon.
John Knight, Surgeon's Mate.
Thomas Woods, Sergeant Major.
James Lane, Quartermaster's Sergeant.
John Smith, Drum-Major.
William Coxon, Fife-Major.
Lewis Thomas, Lieutenant. On detached service.
Lawrence Harrison, Lieutenant. On detached service.
William Connor, Ensign. On detached service.
John Beck, Lieutenant. On detached service.
Uriah Springer, Captain.
Benjamin Biggs, Captain.
Robert Beall, Captain.
Robert Vance, Captain.
George Berry, Captain.
Ephraim Reip, Lieutenant.
John Dent, Lieutenant.
Thomas Holliday, Sergeant.
William Dowell, Sergeant.
Henry Bowen, Sergeant.
Thomas Everett, Sergeant.
John Hays, Sergeant.
Benjamin Goodwin, Sergeant.
John Chambers, Sergeant.
Joseph Lemaster, Sergeant.
William Jenkins, Sergeant.
Caleb Hale, Sergeant.
Thomas Chambers, Sergeant.

PRIVATES.

James McKinney, Benjamin Dane, William Gillaspy, Edward Stocker, John Shaver, John Haley, James Salter, George Emmett, James Kanklus, Jacob Polsal, William Roberts, Jesse Clark, Phillip Finn, William Brown, Bartholemew Nedley, Cornelius Downey, John McCutcheon, Daniel Leany, Daniel Ryanhart, James McMullen, Christopher Baker, Thomas Bendure, George Loffer, William Orr, Arnold Evans, John Allord, Patrick McGuire, James Manly, James Murphy, Richard Carty, William Oakman, John Campbell, Elijah Veatch, Hezekiah Lindsay, Edward Wood, John Brisby, James Kelly, John Scott, Jacob Weatherholt, William Wood, William Hunter, Henry Thomas, Freeman Battersbell, Hezekiah Clark, John Custard, John Aldridge, Joseph Hivers, Anthony Coon, John Tarbven, Thomas Ravenscroft, James Little, Hadden Ally, Thomas Brownlee, James Gray, Henry Scott, John Colbert, Thomas Walder, James Devin, Michael Poock, John Pratt, Thomas Janes, Robert Beckett, Richard Bilby, Richard Mansfield, John Cowan, Adam Dust, William Walker, John Merick, Francis Johnston, James Hackley, John Michell, John Evans, John Owens, Andrew Dunn, William Cole, Edward Evans, John Hollinger, Thomas Moody, Thomas Dunmon, Charles Harvey, John Watson, Harman Eakle, John Allington, Ralp Morrow, John Wallace, Josiah Sill, John Lisk, James Shaw, Joseph Blackburn, James Watson, Benjamin Archer, Thomas Ricketts, Abraham Booker, Nicholas Dickart, William McElroy, Peter Parchment, Simon Bailey, William Bagley, Joseph Thomas, Elijah Thomas, William Owens, James Hicks, John Cleveland, Thomas McKinzy, David Bridgewater, Thomas Phillips, George Hilling, James Gunner, Samuel Streets, Phillip Bonan, Patrick Kelly, David Smith, Daniel Murray, Thomas Irwin, John Kinard, John Cheany, George Fitzgerald, Henry Irons, John Gilford, Patrick Rodgers, John Sullivan, Thomas Corrigan, Joseph White, Jacob Gray, William Canard, Joseph Fuller, Brice Bagby, Robert Broad, Peter Parker, John Smith, 3d., John Clark, James Dawson, William Douglass, Jeremiah York Andrew Anderson, George Sobb, Felix McKinney, John Pearson, Ludwick Hart, Charles Crawford, John Needham, Wm. Evans, Corporal. James Adams, Corporal. John Hagerty, Corporal. Thomas Robinson, Corp'l. John Smith, Drummer. Thos. Whealy, Drummer John Hinds, Fifer.

Capt. Irish Springer's Company.

John Harrison, Lieut.
Jos. Winlock, Ensign.
John Gibson, Ensign.
John Williams, Serg't.
Thos. Tannehill, Serg't.
Thos. Moore, Serg't.

PRIVATES.

James Cumberford, John Bennett, Garrett Gavener, William Barr, John Britton, Thomas Bailey, Andrew McIntosh, William Harbert, Richard Rowland, Hyatt Lasler, Joseph McDaniel, Richard Carter, William Smith, James Reynolds, William Craig, Benjamin Broomes, Phillip Hawthorn, Edward Paul, Samuel Smith, James Seavall, Nicholas Carter, Robert Hughes, Samuel Wilson, John Finney, Robert McCarney, Matthew Hurley, Francis Smith, William Hansford 2d, Joseph Lemaster, Sergeant. Leonard Broome, Serg't. John Dickison, do. Reynard Smith, do. Jas. Fitzsimmons, Gunner. Jonathan Triskill, Gunner. Joseph Jones, Gunner. Edward Tool, do. Moses Burnsides, Fifer.

MATROSSES.

Thomas Wiggins, James Burns, Sr., Patrick Leonard, Charley Kitts, John Megill, George Thompson, John Gratsinger, James Burns, Jr., James Killen, Jacob Hiney, John Smith, Patrick Crawford, John Evans, Patrick Reilly, John Dunn, Conrod Hartman, John Moore, Charles Conrod, Bartholomew Garvan, John Moe, James McKee, James Murphy. John Harris, Bombardier.

ARTIFICERS.

John Baker, Jacob Ferrs, Jacob Stoner, Andrew McKinney, John Kinkaid, John Thomas.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Deeds Filed for Record.

The following transfers of real estate have been placed on file in the Recorder's office since our last report:

David Maxwell to Simon F. Maxwell, January 25, 1875; lot 33x132 feet in Wilkinsburg. Price.....$2,000

C. H. Lorse to Charles A. Wilhelm, June 9, 1874; one acre and thirty perches on Tom's Run Road, Price.....$50

George A. Bayard to David Morrison, November 28, 1874; fifty acres, strict measure, in South Versailles township. Price.....$1,000

W. B. Brown to Mary Jane Glover, August 26, 1871; lot 25x80 feet in Mansfield. Price.....$425

John Draper to Henry Kiers, November 24, 1874; lot 60x110 feet, in Elizabeth township. Price.....$120

Chris. Wagner and Michael Roth to Anton Wagner, June 16, 1873; lot in Scott street, 16x24 feet. Price.....$1,000

H. B. Wilkins, guardian, to Isaac Williams, December 23, 1873; lot 20x80 feet in the Twenty-fifth ward. Price.....$2,000

John H. Hare, Sheriff, to Louisa A. Hemhill, March 20, 1875; lot 20x20 feet on Chestnut street, Allegheny. Price.....$500

George W. Cass to Thomas Hare, February 15, 1875; eight acres and fifty-one perches in Kilbuck township; also, an adjoining lot, forty feet front, extending to the river; also, two acres and three roods; also, one acre and twenty-two perches; also, one hundred and fifty-six perches; also, six thousand square feet; all in Kilbuck township. Price.....$40,000

John H. Hare to John R. Large, July 2, 1875; lot on Perrysville road. Price.....$6,700

Same to H. Bargwin, December 27, 1873; lot on Bedford street, one acre and one hundred and forty perches. Price.....$8,700

Same to same, April 2, 1874; three lots on Mt. Washington.....$1,700

Fred. Geiselhart to Damas Luty, February 8, 1875; lot in Allegheny City, 30x82 feet. Price.....$500

John H. Hare to David S. Carothers, April 10, 1875; fifty-nine acres and twenty-four perches in Scott township. Price.....$20,200

Michael Cahill to John Mercer, March 24, 1875; lot in the Sixth ward, city, 40x80 feet. Consideration.....$

Office Desks.

We make a specialty of Office Desks, and have a fine large stock to select from.

J. L. LYTLE & Co.,
169 Smithfield street.

Hard Bread,

the same as used by the army, can be has at Marvin's, 91 and 93 Liberty St.

THE COURTS.

Full Report of Yesterday's Proceedings.

United States District Court.
(*Before Judge McCandless.*)

The following business was transacted in this Court yesterday:

United States vs. Joseph Wagner, tobacco dealer, found guilty, at October term, of buying unstamped cigars. Proceedings discontinued by order of Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

United States vs. Briggs & Kern, owners of steamboat Stella, for penalties incurred for a pilot not licensed.

Ritzman & Keller, bankrupts, Centre county. J. Ritzman discharged from bankruptcy. A. B. and T. A. Demorest, bankrupts, Lycoming county. Assignee's report of the sale of certain real estate presented and confirmed.

Owen Cunningham, bankrupt, Cambria county. Order made confirming Register's report of composition.

Cascade Iron Co. and Escanaba Furnace Co., debtors, Pittsburgh. The return day of the order to show cause why the persons composing said co-partnership should not be declared bankrupt, and the return day of the restraining orders extended to the 29th inst.

Simmons & Co. et al., creditors, vs. T. J. Fearl, debtor, Somerset county. Argument in regard to the sufficiency of creditors' petition by Mr. Purviance for and Gen. Coffroth *contra*. Decision reserved.

M. A. Woodward, assignee, vs. Susan McClean. Plaintiff allowed to amend original bill.

Brown & Struther's Iron Works et al., creditors, filed a petition in bankruptcy against L. D. Galligen, of Warren county. Order issued to show cause and also to restrain execution creditors.

Common Pleas Court No. 1.
(*Before Judges Stowe and Collier.*)

In the case of Manly D. Holt vs. Geo. W. Canfield, the jury is out.

The case of Geo. Hogdon vs. Henry Bourke was also concluded; the jury is out.

A motion for a new trial was made and reasons were filed in the case of Thos. Vick et ux. vs. R. Arthurs.

In the case of P. C. Devlin et al. vs. Peter Haberman et al., the petition of receiver was presented and ordered to be referred to C. W. Rob, Esq., master, et al.

Orr & Sloan vs. Jacob Slagle, Esq., Albert N. Sutton was admitted to practice in this Court.

Trial List for To-day.

Lohr vs. Newell.
Blythe vs. Blume.
McWilliams Executees, vs. John.
Beebe, for use, vs. Iron City Fire Ins Co.
Painter vs. Lacock & Stine.
Matthews vs Pollock et al.
McClintock & Co. vs. Arnsthal and wife.
Rose vs. Herriman.

Common Pleas Court No. 2.
(*Before Judge White.*)

The case of W. B. Lance vs. Barton & Keeny is still on trial in this court.

Trial List for To-day.

Mills vs. Jamison.
Same vs. same.
Mills vs. Jamison, et al.
Gay vs. Barton, et al.
Thompson vs. Fell.
Bonnett vs. King, et al.
Miner vs. Gildenfenne.
City of Pittsburgh vs. heirs of Gill.
Same vs. same.
Patterson vs. Moore, admx.
Bracken vs. Moore, admx.
McCandless vs. J. P. Barr & Co.
Same vs. same.
Cowan vs. Sims, et al.

Orphans Court
(*Before Judge Hawkins.*)

The following cases were disposed of yesterday:

Estate of John Carigan, deceased.
Estate of Robert A. Chisholm, minor.
Estate of John J. Davis, deceased.
Estate of Joseph Mazon, deceased.

LIST FOR TO-DAY.

Estate of Benjamin Cox, deceased.
Estate of Jacob Forst, deceased.
Estate of E. M. Irwin, deceased.
Estate of Nicholas Schultz, deceased.
Estate of Ellen Saint, deceased.
Estate of Samuel Thompson, deceased.

Criminal Court.
(*Before Judge Ewing.*)

The entire day in this Court was occupied by the trial of the case of the Commonwealth vs. Robt. H. Lindsay, indicted for perjury.

THE MILLERSTOWN FIRE.

The Work of Incendiaries—Suspected Parties Arrested.

The people of Millerstown are excited over the discovery that their $100,000 fire the other day was the work of incendiaries, and A. Marks and A. Levi, have been arrested on suspicion of being the guilty parties. The former is one of the firm of Rosenburg & Marks, dry goods merchants, the latter a clerk in the store. The stories told by these parties it seems do not hang together properly, and there are other suspicious circumstances. Marks, for instance, claims to have lost $15,000, when competent judges say his stock was not worth more than $5,000 at the highest estimate. Further information elicited the fact that the goods sold at Mifflin and Greece City were both traceable to the store of Rosenman Marks; that many promissory notes of Rosenburg & Marks had recently gone to protest; that the safe door was left open on the night of the fire and the contents entirely destroyed, so that it will prove utterly impossible to show the reduction of the stock by recent sales; the removal of dry goods from the residence of the man Marks when it was threatened with fire, thus leading to the conclusion that he had transferred portions of his stock from his store to his dwelling in anticipation of the fire. The statement of the man Levi, who was a clerk with Rosenburg & Marks, that he would not be willing to swear to any fire in Bluestein's or not, and his contradiction by an equally positive declaration that there was no light there; his refusal to answer any questions and his statement that it was nobody's business to see further statement that he had hardly time enough to save his life, and that his shoes were burned before he could seize them, which only a few minutes elapsed, by parties who saw him completely dressed, including shirt, collar and neck-tie; all these facts seem to indicate that an investigation of the conflicting statements would be worth while. The investigation takes place next Tuesday.

THE SECOND ASSEMBLY.

Preparations Being Made For It—A Grand Gathering Anticipated.

It is quite likely that a goodly delegation of Sunday school workers from this section will be in attendance at the Second Assembly to be held at Fair Point, Lake Chautauqua, next Summer, and the indications are that this second gathering will be a great success. The other day the Executive Committee held a meeting at Erie, to make preliminary arrangements, and decided upon several new features. Among these will be a new Jerusalem that will convey to the mind of one an exact idea of the old Jewish structure. "Palestine" will be extended and rearranged, so as to render its geographical features as perfect as possible. There will be an oriental house built, with all its Eastern characteristics, and a miniature Egyptian Pyramid, perfect in all its internal as well as its external details, will assist in a correct understanding of those wonderful works of antiquity. The boating accommodations are also being increased. There are many other improvements which have been suggested and will be carried out in completing in time. A very important one is that accommodations for visitors will be multiplied, that all can find a place to sojourn. The committee meet again at Fair Point on the 4th of May.

Matrimonial.

At the residence of Mrs. Catharine Jackson, No. 92 Centre avenue, Thursday evening, Mr. Hugh M. Boyd to Miss Katie V. Jackson.

Many friends congratulate our young friend on the selection of so estimable a lady to share with him the blisses of wedded life. May she ever cling to him like ivy to the rock, and their journey over the matrimonial sea be pleasant to the end.

J. A. J.

ELEGANCE IN SPRING STYLES.

McCORD & CO.

Desire to call special attention to their very large stock of fresh spring goods, in hats and caps. Among the assortment is their favorite and very popular specialty—the

YOUMAN'S NEW YORK SILK HAT,

which, for handsome proportions, for lightness and for fine finish has no equal in the trade. These hats this season, promise to be more popular than ever, and to take the lead of all the styles. They are pronounced by even the most critical in the trade, as near perfection as can be reached.

THE GENERAL STOCK OF GOODS

at this house embrace one of the finest assortment of goods in every department of the trade—in every style of hats, caps, and straw goods. The collection of Men and Boy's Harvest, Leghorn, and Palm Leaf Hats, is unsurpassed, and in Ladies', Children's and Misses' Trimmed Hats, the variety is exhaustless. The house of

McCORD & CO.

is one of the oldest known in Pittsburgh's mercantile annals, and the experience gained in all these years has been concentrated in making the establishment what it is at present. The firm claim, and are ready to substantiate their claim by figures that they cannot be undersold, and in some lines of goods can offer the advantages of lower prices than can even be obtained in Eastern cities.

They merely ask an examination of their goods and prices, and desire wholesale and retail purchasers to call at 131 Wood street, to see the very latest styles, and secure the very best bargains.

European Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

A dispatch received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship, Exchange and Telegraph Office, at No. 163 Smithfield street, announces the arrival of the steamer Russia at New York; steamer Aug. Ander, at Antwerp; steamer City of Brooklyn, at Queenstown; steamer Europa, at Moville; steamer Utopia, at Moville.

Parlor Furniture.

All our parlor furniture is hand-made, and will be upholstered in any style purchasers may direct. Every article is new and of the latest design.

J. L. LYTLE & Co.,
Successors to T. B. Young & Co.,
169 Smithfield street.

ORDINANCES.

NOTICE.—The following Ordinances relative to Street Improvements are published for information, in accordance with the provision of section 6 of an Act of Assembly, entitled "A further supplement to an act entitled an act concerning Streets and Sewers in the city of Pittsburgh, approved March 20th, 1873:

SECTION 6. That no Ordinance or any improvement and no report of viewers shall be finally acted upon by both branches of Councils until at least one week after its representation and publication in official papers authorized to do the city printing.

And will be presented to Councils for final action at next meeting.

AN ORDINANCE—Amending an ordinance entitled "An ordinance authorizing the construction of a public sewer in Thirty-third street," from south side of Penn avenue to the Allegheny river," passed 30th October, 1871; and also confirming all acts done under said original ordinance, and declaring the same to have the same force and effect as if done under, and in conformity to this ordinance.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, that an ordinance entitled "An ordinance authorizing the construction of a public sewer in Thirty-third street, from south side of Penn avenue to the Allegheny river," passed 30th October, 1871, shall be amended so as to read as follows: "That the City Engineer be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the construction of a public sewer in Thirty-third street, from the north side of Penn avenue to the Allegheny river, and to let the same in the manner directed by an act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864, and the several supplements thereto, and ordinances of Council relative to the same." The cost and expense of the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly, entitled "An act concerning streets and sewers in the City of Pittsburgh," approved January 6th, 1864, and the several supplements thereto.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the opening of Murray avenue, from Forbes street to Forward avenue.

WHEREAS, It appears that a majority in interest has petitioned for the opening of Murray avenue, from Forbes street to Forward avenue; therefore,

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, that an ordinance entitled "An ordinance authorizing the construction of a public sewer in Thirty-third street, from south side of Penn avenue to the Allegheny river," passed 30th October, 1871, shall be amended so as to read as follows: "That the City Engineer be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the construction of a public sewer in Thirty-third street, from the north side of Penn avenue to the Allegheny river, and to let the same in the manner directed by an act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864, and the several supplements thereto, and ordinances of Council relative to the same." The cost and expense of the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly, entitled "An act concerning streets and sewers in the City of Pittsburgh," approved January 6th, 1864, and the several supplements thereto.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the opening of Homewood avenue from Penn avenue to Frankstown avenue, therefore,

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open within sixty days from the date of the passage of this ordinance, Homewood avenue, from Penn avenue to Frankstown avenue, to a width of fifty feet, in accordance with a plan on file in the Engineer's office, approved by Councils ——day of ——, 18—. The damages caused thereby and the benefits to pay the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly entitled "An act concerning streets and sewers in the City of Pittsburgh," approved January 6th, 1864, and the several supplements thereto.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the opening of Meyran street from Fifth avenue to Bates street, therefore,

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open within sixty days from the date of the passage of this ordinance Meyran street from Fifth avenue to Bates street at such grade as may be necessary for the same, and to let the same in the manner directed by an act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864, and the several supplements thereto.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the opening of Hatfield street from Forty-fourth street to Forty-fifth street.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading of Hatfield street from Forty-fourth street to Forty-fifth street, at a width of —— feet in accordance with a plan, on file in the Engineer's office of streets, in the late borough of Lawrenceville. The damages caused thereby and the benefits to pay the same to be assessed and